The Columbian.

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ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS.

AT THE

Farmers National Bank.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $140,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

Why You Should do Business With

The Bloomsburg National Bank

It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal and successful institution.
It is a growing, active, progressive and accommodating bank.
It appreciates the confidence of its patrons, and their interests are always carefully considered. Its officers and directors are men of high standing and integrity, chosen for their demonstrated ability in financial matters.

We do not believe you can get better treatment than this bank will give you, and we therefore invite you to call upon us when in need of

Banking Privileges.

A. Z. Schoch, President. Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier.

Ben Gidding

We have been asked by a great many people to continue our THREE FOR ONE sale another week. We will do so on account of last week's rain.

3 FOR 1

TRADING STAMPS

THURSDAY,

FRIDAY & SATURDAY

The Last Time This Season.

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

BRIDGE VIEWERS MAKE REPORT

To be 1421 feet in Length, With Paved Roadway of 20 Feet

Favor Overhead Crossing

The viewers appointed for the river bridge at Mifflinville, finished their work on Friday, and the following day filed their report, which is herewith appended in full.

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGES OF THE SAID COURT:

We, the undersigned viewers, appointed by your honorable Court on the 24th of May, A. D., 1905, in the above relative to the rebuilding of the Mifflinville bridge, across the Susquehanna river at Mifflinville, in the townships of Center and Mifflin, in the county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, commonly known as the Mifflinville bridge at a point where the main road leading from the town of Bloomsburg to Berwick near the dwelling house of John C. Cryder leads to Mifflinville in the township of Mifflin do respectfully beg leave to report as follows, to wit:

1. That after having been duly sworn and qualified to perform our duties according to law after having given due and public notice of the time and place of meeting, we met on Thursday June 22nd, 1905, on the premises, all the viewers being present, and thereupon we proceeded to view the site and location of the bridge which was destroyed while in the course of construction by an ice flood on or about the 9th day of February, 1904, and adjourned to meet at the Commissioners' office of Columbia County in the town of Bloomsburg, on June 23rd, 1905, where we completed our labors and made our report.

2. That the report of the viewers by the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Columbia was filed on the 4th day of February, 1901, in favor of a county bridge across the Susquehanna river, at the village of Mifflinville, in the townships of Mifflin and Center, said county, which report was on the 4th day of February, 1901, confirmed and approved by the Grand Jury of the county of Columbia, and on the 7th day of July 1902, the said report was confirmed absolutely by the said Court and upon the same day, the Commissioners of Columbia county approved the same and entered it as a county bridge.

3. That the Susquehanna is a navigable stream at the location of the bridge and at this point is more than one thousand feet in width where the proposed bridge is located, which is the same as the former location.

4. That on the 29th day of July, 1902, the board of Commissioners of Columbia County, entered into a contract with Charles H. Reimard for the erection and construction of the said bridge at the contract price of ninety-three thousand five hundred and eighty-five, $93,585.00, dollars, and the said Charles H. Reimard, by and with the consent of the Commissioners of Columbia County, on the 12th day of August, sublet the superstructure thereof to the King Bridge Company, of Cleveland, Ohio.

5. That before the said 9th day of February, A. D., 1904, the time of the destruction of the said bridge as aforesaid the said contractors had furnished all the material for the erection and construction of the said bridge and the substructure of the said bridge had been completed and three of the six spans required for the superstructure had been completed and placed in position.

6. That on or about the 9th day of February, 1904, and before the final completion of the said bridge the portion already constructed and completed as aforesaid, was destroyed and carried away by an ice flood.

7. That the Commissioners of Columbia County had expended upon the said bridge at the time of its destruction, as aforesaid, the sum of ninety-one thousand five hundred and eighty-five, $91,585.00 dollars, being more than fifty per centum of the contract price thereof, in the actual construction and erection of said bridge.

8. That the stone used in the superstructure in the piers is to a large extent recoverable from the river and this has been taken into consideration of our estimate; that the cost to rebuild this bridge; also that the two abutments are in good and perfect condition.

9. That the plank so far as preserved from said floods are at the southern approach of the said bridge and consist of about sixty thousand, 60,000 feet of three and four inch white oak plank, used for flooring and hub-guards.

10. That the steel and iron used or intended to be used in the construction of the said bridge was saved and recovered from the ice flood by the contractors and parties in interest and was removed to the King Bridge Company, at their shops in Cleveland, Ohio, for repairs and preservation.

11. That an inventory of the material on hand and procured for the bridge intended for the construction of said bridge which was destroyed is appended to the petition for the appointment of viewers in this case is made a part of this report.

12. That the unexpended money for the contract price of the building of this bridge is two thousand, $2,000.00, dollars.

And we further report:

1. That the said highway, in the said townships of Mifflin and Center leading to the Mifflinville bridge, in the said county of Columbia, where the same crosses the Susquehanna river are constantly traveled and that it is necessary for the accommodation of the general public to maintain a public bridge at this point.

2. That the said highways are used by hundreds of workmen in going to and from their work in the public works at Berwick, Bloomsburg and other points in the vicinity of this bridge, as well as by a great number of inhabitants in the southern end of Columbia and Luzerne counties.

3. We further find and report by reason of the destruction of the bridge at this location, that the said bridge be built one hundred and twenty-five feet longer on the southern end of the said bridge than the former bridge which was twelve hundred and ninety-six, 1296, feet in length, making a total length one thousand four hundred and twenty-one, 1421, feet in length, with a roadway twenty, 20, feet wide said roadway to be paved with brick, asphalt, Belgum blocks or some other improved pavement, with a foot walk on the eastern side thereof, six, 6, feet wide, two abutments, and five piers, and we further report that the southern abutment be raised twenty-two, 22 feet above the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad and northern abutment be raised six, 6, feet above its present height, and that the piers be built on the old foundations raised to correspond with the abutments.

4. That we have taken into consideration the material on hand, the unexpended money on the contract price, and estimate the cost of the bridge as aforesaid to be forty-five thousand, 45,000.00 dollars.

SPECIAL MEETING TOWN COUNCIL.

Held to Consider Matter of Constructing Fifth Street Sewer.

NO ARGREEMENT REACHED.

That the recent proposition made by the Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company to the Town Council touching the matter of the construction of the sewer on Fifth street failed to find favor with the members of council, was shown Monday night when at a meeting especially called for the purpose, and after the matter had been thoroughly discussed both by members of the council and representatives of the Land Improvement Company, no argreement was reached. Every member of the council was present. N. U. Funk Esq., and O. W. Cherington represented the Land Improvement Co.

President Yetter stated the Council's position. He said the contribution from the Land Improvement Company should be in proportion to the benefits the company would receive.

Mr. Magee stated that benefits to the Company would be such that they should be willing to contribute more than they had agreed to in the proposition submitted. The construction of the sewer would in his opinion increase the price of each lot $50.

Mr. Funk, for the Company, said the Town should be satisfied with what they could get. Not until approached by President Yetter and the Board of Directors of the Hospital had the Company thought of giving anything toward the construction of the sewer, and that some of the stockholders had voiced their objection to the proposition already made, because they could not see how the sewer would benefit the Company.

A general discussion followed in the course of which Mr. Magee asked Mr. Funk if the Company would be willing to give the Town three lots if the latter would lower the sewer sufficiently to drain Fifth and Sixth streets. This Mr. Funk stated he was not in a position to answer, but would bring it up before the Board of Directors and report at the next meeting of Council to be held July 10.

The proposition made by the Company called for the acceptance by the Town of Locust and Spruce streets, which to repair would, in the opinion of Council necessitate an expenditure in excess of the amount the Town would realize from the sale of the two lots. It was the consensus of opinion among the Councilmen that the Company should eliminate this provision from their proposition.

A. W. Duy, Esq., for the Columbia & Montour Electric Railway Co., asked permission to construct and operate a siding on Main Street, near Barton Street, and also to install a safety device on Scott Town hill. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Runyon offered an ordinance to regulate ditching and excavating. It provides that permission must be obtained from the President of Council or some member of the street committee. That so long as the same is kept open, it must be protected by a railing during the day, and by red lights during the night. That all the earth removed, must be put back in the ditch, and the same tramped. Violation of the ordinance to be punished by a fine of $10.00. On motion the ordinance was adopted.

Mr. Magee introduced an ordinance regulating hawking and peddling and imposing a license for thesame. It provided that hereafter no person, firm or corporation should hawk or peddle within the limits of the Town of Bloomsburg any goods, wares or merchandise, except products of the soil raised by the persons so hawking or peddling the same without a license first had and obtained from the President of the Council for that purpose, the license to cost $100 per year or any fraction thereof, and for violation of ordinance a fine of $1.00 is to be imposed. On motion the ordinance was referred to a special committee consisting of Rhoades, Runyan and Magee to report on the same at the next meeting of Council.

The question of celebrating the Fourth of July by the explosion of fire crackers etc., was discussed and it was decided to enforce the Town ordinance regulating the same. It will however be permissible to fire off crackers. The State law regulates what sort of fire works can be used, and this will be enforced.

CALL AND SEE OUR

Purity Enamel Ware,

MADE BY

Stransky & Co.,

Who have been Awarded the First Prizes at the Following Exhibitions:

1872, Vienna, Austria.
1876, Phila. U. S. A.
1878, Paris, France.
1881, Leipzig, Saxony.
1882, St. Petersburg, Russia.
1886, Edinburgh, Scotland.
1887, Brussels, Belgium.
1888, Melbourne, Australia.
1891, London, England.
1892, Munich, Bavaria.
1893, Rome, Italy.
1893, Chicago, U. S. A.
1894, Bomboy, India.
1895, Cairo Egypt.
1896, Nurnberg, Bavaria.

For Sale by

J. G. Wells.

But Little Hope for Recovery

Rev. Amos S. Baldwin, Presiding Elder of the Danville District, who has been very ill at his home in Sunbury, has had recommended to him a cancer specialist in Indianapolis. Rev. Baldwin, if he is able will leave for Indianapolis next Monday, to place himself under hospital treatment. Mrs. Baldwin goes with her husband and will remain with him for several weeks. Mr. Baldwin has suffered greatly for a year. Some time ago he consulted specialists in Philadelphia, who pronounced his disease cancer, advised against an operation and gave but little hope. His many friends earnestly hope that the hospital treatment may prove effective in his case.

Celebrated Golden Wedding.

Joseph Patterson and his wife, who live on a farm in the Catawissa Valley near Ringtown, last week celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary. There were several generations of the family at the celebration, which included a sumptuous feast. The happy couple who have gone hand in hand for an average lifetime were showered with congratulations and presents in keeping with the occasion. There were present about fifty guests in attendance.

Carpets Almost Given Away.

Special June Carpet Sale.

Bring Size of room with you.

Axminsters, Brussels, Velvets.

75c. on the Dollar

Rugs, Ingrains, Art Squares.

Having bought the short lengths and sample rolls of several Carpet Mills, we now offer them to our customers for 75c. on the Dollar. It will pay you to buy for next year when you can get such bargains as 75c. all wool heavy weight Ingrain for 55c., or a $1.00 Velvet for 75c. Don't miss the sale.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HIS LIFE WORK FOR CHINA

Kang Yu Wei an Exile From His Native Country.

FOR REFORM METHODS.

Thinks Railroads One of the Principal Necessities of China—Took Prominent Rank in the Councils of the Emperor—Reform Associations.

Kang Yu Wei was born forty-eight years ago in the Province of Kwang-tung, District of Nam-hai, near the city of Canton, says the New York Mail. As he grew up he imbibed ideas about civilization and government vastly different from Chinese youth. He showed this in his first public work, which was as president of the Canton University. During the time he was president of this university he repeatedly memorialized the imperial throne, urging the necessity of introducing proper governmental methods in China.

This was between fifteen and twenty years ago. About that time Kang Yu Wei prophesied, in a book published by him, the approach of the Japanese-Chinese war and the disastrous results to China that would follow that conflict, including the loss of Korea.

The war with Japan broke out while Kang Yu Wei was president of the university of Canton. It resulted in those disasters he had predicted. Prior to this time the Empress Dowager had been in complete control of the empire of China, but the disastrous results of the war with Japan caused her to decide to relinquish her power to the young Emperor, so that he would have to shoulder the blame consequent upon the humiliations heaped upon China.

No sooner was the Emperor permitted to take advantage of the prerogatives of his rank than he summoned Kang Yu Wei to Pekin. By that act the Emperor showed a desire to be progressive, and Kang Yu Wei determined to take the fullest possible advantage of his opportunity.

He took prominent rank in the councils of the Emperor, and in 1898, for a period of about 100 days, he was the virtual Prime Minister of the Empire. During these 100 days there were issued by the Emperor, upon the recommendation of Kang Yu Wei, reform edicts which were designed to change China from an Oriental to an Occidental nation.

Before sufficient time had elapsed to enable the reform laws to be carried out, the reactionaries, under the leadership of the Empress Dowager, seized the Emperor. On the same date, September 28, 1898, all of the Emperor's reform ministers of state and other persons to the number of fifty-three were captured. Only two of the persons wanted by the Empress Dowager and her party escaped. One was Kang Yu Wei and other his pupil, Liang Kai Chau.

The Emperor was taken, a prisoner, into the so-called Purple Palace, and was there forced to issue an edict in which he stated that, owing to ill health, he was obliged to relinquish the reins of government, and asked the Empress Dowager to again assume the responsibilities she had laid down two years before. This edict was forced from the Emperor, as is generally recognized throughout the empire to-day.

Since that day Kang Yu Wei has been a fugitive from his native land, with a price upon his head. He managed to get aboard the British steamer Ballarat, which was only saved from being sunk by the Chinese fleet by the timely arrival of several British battleships, Kang Yu Wei escaped to Vancouver, and immediately began organizing the Powongwhui, or, literally translated, "Protect the Emperor Society," which is known throughout the world as the Chinese Empire Reform Association. Until about a year ago, he lived under British protection in various oriental colonies of King Edward, including India, Penang, Straits Settlements and Hong Kong. About the beginning of last year Kang Yu Wei went to Europe and spent a year there, traveling in all the continental countries and Great Britain.

The chief reason why my friend was not successful in his efforts to modernize and uplift his fellow countrymen is that he did not have an armed force to support him. Kang Yu Wei is a great believer in railroads.

Railroads are one of the principal necessities of China, in the opinion of Kang Yu Wei, because the Middle Kingdom is a country of vast extent and at the same ime of enormous population. Without facilities for communication there can be no homogeneous and compact nation such as Chinese reformers believe is necessary to protect their country from the aggression of foreign powers, as well as from internal enemies.

In order to accomplish his reforms Kang Yu Wei will have to overcome the following obstacles:

First, the Empress Dowager; second, the Manchu dynasty; third, those Chinese statesmen who support the reactionary Manchus; fourth, that deep-set feeling among the Manchu people that whenever China makes progress the people will secure power that will at once destroy their dynasty; fifth, the lack of cohesion among the Chinese people.

I might add that within the Emperor's party are found the most sincere supporters of the Chinese Government that are to be found. Their support is given with more patriotism and more understanding of the needs of their country than is found in all the rest of China put together. It is the hope of the party that by spreading the propaganda of education among the rising generation, on the death of the Empress Dowager, the Emperor will be restored to power, and they will be able to assist him in enforcing reforms.

DALRYMPLE ON CIVIL SERVICE.

Glasgow's Railway Expert Opposes American System.

James Dalrymple, General Manager of the Municipal Railways of Glasgow, Scotland, whose coming to America to give his opinion of municipal ownership, in a sweeping statement, dealt a strong blow to the advocates of Civil Service, when he said:

"Municipal ownership could not survive in the same field with those cherished American institutions, the civil service and politics. Disaster would be the inevitable outcome of trying to run street railways, or any other public utility, hampered with the restrictions of civil service and the cherished prerogative of political parties to make a clean sweep of employes after each election, ejecting one set and putting in another, or to use the shibboleth of partisanship, 'turning the rascals out.'

"My position is that of a man who has charge of a street railway or of any other public department, must have the same power to hire and discharge which any man in any other business has where he has any number of men under him. The manager of a railway, just the same

James Dalrymple

as the manager of a department store, must have continuity of service under him. He must have sole control over his subordinates.

"No board can determine by an examination in writing or otherwise what applicant for a position will make a good conductor or a good motorman. That must be determined by practical experience.

"If any of the men whom I discharge should have the right to appeal to somebody else it would work disaster in the business. Where he has the right to appeal to the courts, as is the case here, I understand, that only makes the matter worse. Such a system is pure nonsense. One man, the manager, must have power to hire and to discharge. Where somebody else steps in is to fall into chaos. You must have discipline, and there can be none unless the man whom the manager discharges stays discharged.

"I hire all of my men, and watch to see what they can do. I hire the best men I can get, but I sometimes find it necessary to dicharge some. I will not keep a man about me unless he does satisfactory work. When I discharge, that is the end of it. The man never even thinks of objecting to it.

"I have had no experience of the operation of civil service, but I should think it would be a handicap to a manager of a public street railway or any other municipal department.

"What do you think would be the effect upon a municipal street railway if some of the employes were under civil service and the rest were liable to be discharged and supplanted by new men after every election, say every three or four years?

"I believe any man at the head of any municipal enterprise should be head and shoulders above politics. I never voted in any municipal election, and would not vote for even my dearest friend as a member of the City Council. Yes, the Council hired me. But what I said about continuity of service in connection with civil service applies to politics. You cannot run a railroad system or any other public department on any other lines than you use in any private business. It must work disaster if new employes are to be appointed with every change in the political administration of the city government. Municipal ownership would make a bad yoke fellow with politics. Public and private business must be conducted upon the same lines. The street railway system of Glasgow operates 150 mile of track, and has 4,400 employes. Since the people took the ownership of them it is possible to ride for 2 cents."

The diameter of the funnels—there are two—of the new Cunarder Caronia, is so great that were they laid on their sides a couple of locomotives could pass abreast.

HAWAII IS PROGRESSIVE

People are Earnest Promoters of Education.

ITS GREAT COMMERCE.

Scientific Sugar Cane Culture.—Finest Coffee in the World—Converting Waste Lands—School System Modified After That of United States.

When the revolution of 1893 put an end to the Hawaiian monarchy a prominent resident of Honolulu remarked:—

"I have thousands of dollars of real estate in the best business quarter of the city, and I could not to-day raise $100 on the whole of it."

From the organization of the provisional government in that year there came an immediate change. Under native rule there had never been any difficulty in getting a liberal appropriation from the royal treasury to pay the expenses of a chief's funeral, but it was impossible to secure even limited sums for the construction of necessary public work.

The provincial government began at once to enlarge the water front, facilitating the docking of large vessels, and to dredge the harbor. A magnificent road was completed from Hilo, on the island ofHawaii, to Kileaua, the great volcano, smooth as the boulevard of a city and set on either side with breadfruit trees, mangoes and alligator pears. Other highways were surveyed and finished and the sugar plantations began to improve with all else. So long as revolution was imminent at any time there was natural unwillingness to experiment in new and costly methods of cane culture.

When annexation to the United States insured political stability and undisturbed public credit the activity which began with the passing of the monarchy was immensely stimulated. Aside from the temporary disturbance pending the discussion of admission of Caban sugar into American markets at a nominal tariff the commercial development of the islands has been phenomenal.

The evolution of one plantation on Oahu is an example. The land had been considered worthless, lying on the leeward side of the island, but it was found that by irrigation and fertilization it could be made productive. It had also been supposed that the water on the low lands obtained by boring wells would be too brackish, but it was also found that the cane could endure a certain per cent. of salt and thrive. All manner of modern machinery was installed, clever contrivances, like a wonderful shredder invented by Mr. Scott, of Hilo, being devised. The mills are now brilliantly lighted by electricity, running day and night, while grinding is in progress. The sugar is taken through all the processes except refining on the ground, and it is so pure and light in color when it leaves the mills that there is little left for refiners to do. From the time that the cane is fed into the hopper, labor formerly performed by stout, sturdy Japanese women, until it is being put into sacks ready to transfer to the waiting schooner little more than three hours elapses.

The most expert chemists are employed who as part of their work make frequent analyses of the soil, indications of exhaustion being promptly remedied by the use of the proper fertilizer. What has been accomplished by these enlightened scientific methods may be guessed when it is stated that whereas in 1893 the maximum yield was five tons to the acre the best lands can now be made to produce ten, while eight tons is of common occurrence.

The native Kond coffee is the finest in the world, not excepting the famous Mocha of Arabia. It has great strength with exquisite flavor. It has been affected with a destructvented its export in large quantities; it is nevertheless well known to the epicures of New York and San Francisco clubs.

The work of reclaiming the naked mountain slopes and other arid regions by planting algoroba and eucalyptus trees has gone on steadily. The rainfall had been seriously diminished by the felling of the indigenous forest for cane growing and by the ravages of wild cattle that run at large in Hawaii and other of the islands.

The city is furnished with an incomparable water supply, the rainfall drained from the mountains and filtered and distributed from reservoirs. The sewage is carried out to sea by an ingenious contrivance which may be roughly described as a series of tanks, through which it is forced, thus avoiding the danger of contaminating the harbor. As there is comparatively little manufacturing, and fires in private residences and hotels being required only in the kitchen, disastrous conflagrations are very rare, the burning of Chinatown in the spring of 1900 having been due to carelessness. There is now, nevertheless, perfect fire protection, one company being maintained by the Chinese, who contributed the engine house and its equipment to the city as a free gift.

For its population Hawaii has the largest commerce in the world. It lies in the direct route of travel to Australasia, Japan, China, the Philippines and the Far East. The cramped schooner and the weather beaten whaler have been supplanted by great twin screw steamers, floating palaces which equal those that make their flying voyages across the Atlantic. There are also well equipped lines plying between the islands, now supplemented by a wireless telegraph system, while widely separated and isolated plantations are brought within talking distance by telephone. The marine railway is still a substitute—hardly adequate to the enormous increase of commerce since the close of the Spanish-American war—for modern dry docks whose construction is merely a matter of time.

Washing Lace Curtains.

First shake the loose dust free and then fill the bath or tub full of warm water, to which has been added some dry soap or soap jelly.

Leave the curtains soaking in this mixture over night. In the morning take hold of the end of a curtain, pass it through and through the water to get rid of the dust; wring out, let all the dirty water go and make another lather of warm soapy water, put back the curtains and leave again for some hours. Then swish them through the water and rinse them through cold water, to which has been added a tinge of liquid blue.

After this comes the starching. Mix the dry starch with enough cold water to moisten it; pour boiling water on, stirring gradually all the time till it becomes clear and transparent looking; then add an equal quantity of hot water to it,and it will probably be about the right consistency, though people's ideas as to how stiff curtains should be differ so much that it is difficult to give any hard and fast rule.

If the curtains are to be white add a little bluing to the starch; if a cream color is desired add a little well strained coffee.

A deeper yellow shade is obtained by pouring boiling water on saffron, letting it stand till the coloring is extracted., and adding enough to the starch to make it the required tint.

Before ironing lace curtains or other starched articles rub the iron with a bit of wax candle tied in a clean piece of cotton.

A Bishop on Gambling.

The Bishop of Peterborough, addressing a large gathering of clergy and church wardens at Northampton the other day, said that with the spirit of gambling gaining strength on every hand, all earnest Christian men must take a decided stand against it in all forms, whether in horse racing, in raffles at bazars, or in 1d. points at whist. Subsequently, he urged the clergy to discourage the gossip of mischief making, scandal-loving women in their parishes, because the "talking of these old cats often led to serious dissensions in a parish."—London Standard.

A Chance for Inventors.

The Government of the Netherlands has instituted a competition with the object of discovering a proces of cutting diamonds which will dispense with the use of an alloy dangerous to health. For a complete solution of this problem a prize of $2,275 is offered. The answers must be written in English, French, German or Dutch, and submitted to Prof. L. Aronstein, chemical laboratory of the Polyclinic School, Delft, Holland, on or before January 1, 1906.

Robert T. Lincoln.

who declined to head the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, is noted in the business and diplomatic world. He has been Secretary of War and United States Minister to Great Britain, and is now President of the Pullman Palace Car Company. He is the eldest son of President Abraham Lincoln, and was born at Springfield, Ill., in 1843.

The Shake-Hand-Less Salute.

Dr. Naipasse is preaching in Paris the gospel of the shake-hand-less salute, which he declares partly responsible for the excellent health prevailing in unhygienic Turkey. You put your hand to your heart, lips and forehead successively to express that your friend is always in the heart, on the lips and in the thoughts. It is pretty and you neither give nor take microbes.

A Russian Mystery.

At the present time Russia has at least two hundred thousand troops concentrated in Central Asia; and she has a sufficient force within striking distance of Herat to take that city within a week. Despite the drain upon her military resources, says the Bombay (India) Times, she has maintained this large garrison in Central Asia—and she has said nothing about it. To what end?

THE NEW MILLION-KEEPER

Thomas F. Ryan's Successful Rise in Financial Affairs.

HIS HUMBLE BEGINNING.

Career Contains no Records of Destruction of Property or Railroads—Details of Negotiations Never Published—Remarkable Inventive Capacity.

Thomas Faulkner Ryan, who in a day persuaded James Hazen Hyde to do what other financiers and good counsellors had been unable for months to convince Mr. Hyde should be done, has sometimes been called the greatest "opportunist" that ever came to Wall Street. His persuasion of Mr. Hyde to sell a majority of the stock of the Equitable Life Assurance corporation will surely be accepted as a good explanation of what is meant by the complimentary term "the great opportunist." Mr. Ryan is regarded by financiers as having acted not only opportunely, but at exactly what is sometimes called the psychological moment. He and those who are with him have already received a majority of the capital stock of this institution—one of the largest in the world, in assets, business and surplus—and have given to Mr. Hyde their check for this stock.

Mr. Ryan is of that race of North of Ireland pioneers who settled along and upon the slopes of the Blue Mountains.

Unlike many of the youth of those mountain districts, who, when they were old enough to venture away from the boyhood home, turned

Thomas F. Ryan.

their faces to the West, young Ryan made his way to the East. Baltimore just after the close of the civil war seemed to the young men of the South to offer the best chance.

He was self-taught, self-contained, self-confident and tremendously in earnest, so greatly in earnest that he was never self-conscious; and to this day one of the most striking of the characteristics of Mr. Ryan is utter lack of self-consciousness. He must have inspired the confidence of his employer, Mr. John D. Barry, and probably was brought into close touch with many men of Southern birth engaged in business in the South who had set to work vigorously to repair the fortunes that were impaired by the civil war. The understanding has always been that when Mr. Ryan came to New York he brought with him assurances of business, of financial trusts, given him by some of the Southern merchants and financiers, and it has always been presumed that much of his earlier successes and some of his later triumphs were made possible by the association with him of Southern financiers and the intrusting to him of Southern capital. He was a Wall Street broker when only twenty-one years of age, having opened an office here in the spring of 1872. That very act is typical of Mr. Ryan's entire business career.

Mr. Ryan was also one of the first to understand the possibilities that were in the transportation of passengers in such cities as New York and Chicago, and it was doubtless through his early comprehension of the magnificent opportunities that New York city offered that he was brought into association with the late William C. Whitney and what afterward came to be known as the "Philadelphia syndicate." That was in the closing days of Mr. Cleveland's first administration as President, in which Mr. Whitney served as Secretary of the Navy. Just as Mr. Whitney and Mr. Ryan were perfecting their plans for the consolidation of the street railways of New York Mr. Frank L. Sprague was demonstrating the capacity of the electric current, operating through newly invented apparatus; to propel street cars.

Mr. Ryan saw the enormous possibility that was in that use of electricity, and with steady, always silent and secretive, but certain, progress, he, acting with Mr. Whitney and others, at last consolidated the various street railway systems of New York.

Mr. Ryan has been spoken of as a taciturn man. It has sometimes been thought strange that he had not the volubility, the excitable temperament which are sometimes thought to be characteristic of the race from which Mr. Ryan sprang. But he is taciturn only in the sense that he is a much thinking man, deeply absorbed, not given to triviality, although he has a delightful sense of humor. He is sometimes spoken of — — of the hardest working men in New York; but there is no sense of drudgery with him, no labored and perfunctory approach to his task, for his work in a sense is a recreation, since he finds his highest gratification in the working out of problems and in the record of success. It is a sense of achievement with him that is his reward for all that he does. He is singularly free from the small jealousy of others who have also succeeded, not having any envy for those exploits that are constantly brought before the public. His habits of life are correct to the utmost: his family, his farm, his Holstein cattle and his kennels give him all the recreation that he desires or needs.

THE DEADLY "KALA AZAR."

Mortality in this Disease Reaches 90 Per Cent.

Interesting particulars of the Kala azar and its newly-discovered but at present nameless parasite were given recently in an address by Major W. B. Leishman, M.B., professor of pathology at the Royal Army Medical College, Russell Square, W. C.

"Kala azar" signifies black sickness, and was given to it by the natives because of a darkening of the skin which it induces.

The disease, said Major Leishman, has been known in India since 1869, but it was first met with in epidemic form in 1882. The parasite has also been met with in Northern Africa, Tunis, Algiers and Arabia.

"The symptoms include an enlargement of the liver and spleen, a shriveling up of the legs, a corpse-like appearance of the skin, fever, an enormous reduction of the white corpuscles in the blood and dysentery of an intractable kind.

Women are as liable to attack as men, and the parasite has been found in a baby a year old. For some time white men were thought to be immune but recently the parasite was discovered in a soldier at Netley.

"We do not know how the parasite gets out of the body or into the body, but we know that infection runs along the trade routes and clings to a house in which patients have had the disease. It will probably be found that the parasite lives in the soil through the aid of an intermediate host of cold blooded habit, such as a reptile."—London Mail.

Character in Shoes.

A certain shoemaker is a firm believer in "shoeology." He says: "Worn shoes go ahead of the art of fortune telling from the lines of the hand. In one shoe, for instance, I see irresolution, changeableness, inclination to slovenliness and occasional fits of ill humor.

Show me any person's footgear after two months' wear and I will describe the character of the person.

If the soles and heels are worn evenly, then the wearer is a resolute, able business man, with a clear head, a trustworthy official or an excellent wife and mother. If the sole is worn on the outside, the wearer is inclined to adventurous, uncertain, fitful deeds, or, if a woman, to bold, self-willed, capricious tricks.

The sole being worn on the inner side shows hesitation and weakness in a man and modesty in a woman.

Leader of Salvationists.

To the world outside the Salvation Army Mrs. Bramwell-Booth is but little known, for she has few of those oratorical gifts of the Booth family. Yet all who have followed the Army's social work know that Mrs. Bramwell-Booth is the very soul of the movement, and the desire among those interested in the social efforts of the Army to meet her was gratified yesterday at the International Headquarters in Queen Victoria Street. Calm eyed, quiet, almost timid in manner, the fair hair moothed in bands from the forehead, the complexion of a healthy child, the simple dark blue dress of the Salvation Army—that is Mrs. Bramwell-Booth.

Official Papers in Russia.

In Russia you must have papers of some sort, but outside the cities it matters little what they are. A high official some time ago started from St. Petersburg with a view of showing the absurdity of the system. He had his papers. Having crossed into Roumania, he returned at once, handed out his pass, and reached home without question. Then he exhibited his passport in triumph. You may not bring live stock across the frontier without a permit. And this was to "pass one pig."

Land of Jewels.

A recent auction in Calcutta which attracted buyers from all parts of the world serves to illustrate the large amount of wealth that must be buried in jewels in India, says the Englishman of Calcutta. Precious stones form a considerable portion of the heritage of every princely house in this country. Every respectable Indian family lays out some of its riches in this direction. Silver ornaments decorate the wives of all laborers not absolutely on the verge of starvation.

Cigar Fallacies.

The thorn in the side of the cigar manufacturers of to-day is the existing craze for light colors. The desired result is to convince the smoker that a light colored cigar is not necessarily a mild one. In fact, it has less reason to be so than one with a dark or medium shaded wrapper.—Tobacco.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 22, 1905

There can hardly fail to follow severe criticism of President Roosevelt because of his failure to permit the special counsel retained by the Government to conduct the prosecution of the rebate case against the Santa Fe Railroad to prosecute also Paul Morton who was a vice president of the road and had special charge of all freight arrangements when the rebates were granted by his subordinates in flagrant violation of the law. Messrs Harmon and Judson, who were retained as such special counsel, wrote the Attorney General a letter on June 5, which clearly establishes the soundness of their reasoning which is, that if prosecutions of this character are confined solely to the corporations the government can never hope to put an end to the abuses. They argue that unquestionably a certain amount of blame must have devolved upon Mr. Morton, for not preventing, even if he did not instigate, such violation by his subordinates. They claim, moreover, that while they would not accuse Morton of complicity, they would compel him to come into court and there prove, if he could, his innocence of the blame which appears to rest on him. Inferentially they argue that unless the officials of large corporations are made to appreciate that they are themselves liable to prosecution, while they may refrain from directly instructing that the law be violated, they will not abstain from commending the agent who brings in the largest amount of business and will not inquire too closely into the methods by which he obtained it.

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The attitude of the President is chiefly that Mr. Morton has assured him that he was in no way responsible for the rebates and that he does not for a moment doubt the word of his Secretary of the Navy. The President adds however, as if it condoned the present course of the Department of Justice, that it has not been the custom of that Department in the past to prosecute the officers of a corporation caught violating the law unless there was some evidence to show that such officers were directly responsible. The President ignores, of course, that he is in this instance merely adding one more case to establish a pernicious precedent. The President also maintains that the fact that Mr. Morton came willingly before the Interstate Commerce Commission and there gave evidence which proved of the utmost value to the government in enacting effective laws against the rebate system, that he should be shown somewhat more than ordinary consideration.

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The President is also certain to come in for criticism for his course with regard to the Bowen-Loomis affairs. It is true that Bowen did not establish his case against Loomis and that he unquestionably deserved dismissal for his course with regard to his superior officer, the Assistant Secretary of State. But it is equally true that Mr. Loomis was shown to have been guilty of an indiscretion which an unprejudiced judge must have regarded as ample to warrant his severance from the diplomatic service of the government. It was, according to Secretary Taft, clearly established that Secretary Loomis purchased interests which, had he not been recalled from Venezuela, he must have represented before the Venezuelan Government in his capacity of Minister of the United States. Secretary Taft does censure this course on the part of the Secretary, but if the President had preserved his usual severe course of dealing with anything savoring of dishonesty on the part of officials of the government he must have suggested to Mr. Loomis the propriety of his quietly resigning.

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The administration is once more face to face with one of those problems which must inevitably frequently confront a "world power". This time it is an invitation from the Sultan of Morocco to participate in a conference of the powers to determine what course shall be pursued with a view to remedying certain evils in Morocco. This is the conference instigated by the Kaiser with the purpose of defeating the policy of France in Morocco and which is so seriously opposed by both France and Great Brittain. In times gone by the United States would have calmly observed such proceedings from afar with the assurance that whatever might be the outcome it could in no way affect the interests of this country. As a matter of fact the trade of Morocco with the United States does not amount to anything now but there seems to be every liklihood that, making the trade the excuse, the United States will send a representative to the conference if one actually occur. Such a policy may be mistaken but it is one of the inevitable penalties of being a world power.

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A good story is going the rounds of Washington apropos of the President's recent trip to Virginia. It seems that as the President got off the train he noticed an old lady trying to get on. He sprang forward and assisted her, then grasped her hand and gave her the regulation "executive handshake." The old lady glared at him, them said? "Young man I don't know who you are and I don't want to. But you are certainly the freshest somebody I have seen in these parts for many a long day." The President only raised his hat and said nothing, but when he setturned to Washington he considered that it was too good to keep and so told it on himself and within twenty-four hours it was the latest story in all the clubs in Washington.

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After all the talk about peace there is no news except that the President is awaiting news from Russia and Japan. It is expected however that the President will soon be advised of the date on which the plenipotentiaries will be ready to meet and of the personnel of the respective delegations.

Your Life Current.

The power that gives you life and motion is the nerve force, or nerve fluid, located in the nerve cells of the brain, and sent out through the nerves to the various organs.

If you are tired, nervous, irritable, cannot sleep; have headache, feel stuffy, dull and melancholy, or have neuralgia, rheumatism, backache, periodical pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach trouble, or the kidneys and liver are inactive, your life-current is weak.

Power-producing fuel is needed; something to increase nerve energy—strengthen the nerves.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is the fuel you need. It feeds the nerves, produces nerve force, and restores vitality.

"When I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Anti-Pain Pills I was confined to my bed. I had severe nervous spells, the result of two years illness with malaria. I gradually grew so weak that I was unable to sit up. The spells would commence with cold chills, and I would become weak and almost helpless. My circulation was poor. I had doctored right along but grew weaker and weaker. The Nervine seemed to strengthen me right away and my circulation was better. I have taken in all seven bottles of the Nervine, and I am entirely well."
ROSA E. WEAVER, Stuarts, Ia.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

We like best to call
SCOTT'S EMULSION
a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

July Lippincott's Magazine.

The novelette in *Lippincott's* for July is a strikingly lively and lovely summer story called "An Orchard Princess." Its author, Ralph Henry Barbour, is well remembered through his "Kitty of the Roses" and other good work.

Seumas MacManus contributes a keenly humorous Irish folk-tale called "The wonderful Story of Terry McGowan." This title seems to fit the fantastic happenings which follow the loan of a "strapper beast" in the hope of a two-fold reward. A bright summer story of Buzzard's Bay, by Elizabeth Duer, is "The Trowsers of Tragedy." "The Dragon's Dicipline," by Arthur Stanley Riggs, is an extremely impressive tale of Japanese loyalty and courage on board a torpedo boat. A delicious bit of realism in the family circle by Elizabeth Robins Pennell is called "Enriette." A pathetic incident of boarding-house life in New York is told by Juliet Wilbur Tompkins under the title of "A Lady from California." "The Heart's Charity" is a sweet and clever love-story written by Ina Brevoort Roberts, the author of "The Lifting of a Finger."

There are many practical and valuable hints for amateur gardeners in Eben E. Rexford's paper on "The Garden in Summer."

The verse is good and the "Walnuts and Wine" department is full to overflowing of fresh jokes and funny stories warranted to wake up the reader even in the drowsiest weather.

The *Woman's Home Companion* for July has much that is appropriate to the season besides the regular good things for which it can always be depended upon. It opens with a Fourth-of-July story, "A Declaration of Independence," and its other fiction includes a story, "The Second Suicide of Caleb Johnson," by Leroy Scott, author of that successful book of the hour, "The Walking Delegate," and another by Morgan Robertson, author of so many fascinating sea-stories, called "The Floating Mine." There are three or four other short stories; Marion Harland's serial is concluded, and there are beautifully illustrated articles on "Alice in Wonderland' in Real Life," "Unconventional Bungalows of Professional Women," and "The Epworth League," by the editor of *The Epworth Herald*. There are two full pages of striking photographs of "Fresh-Air" children, and one, "Lovers of All Nations.', The usual ample space is given to fashions, and Mrs. Sangter's page and all the regular departments are found in their places. Published by The Crowell Publishing Company, Springfield, Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy

Howe After New Views.

Lyman H. Howe, of Wilkesbarre will sail next Tuesday for Europe on the steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm of the North German Lloyd line. He will go direct to London and will be absent until the first of August. The trip is principally in the interest of his moving pictures, and he expects to purchase a large number of new views. Mr. Howe's pictures are presented in Bloomsburg twice each year.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CALIFORNIA

Do you want to live where the climate is mild the year round—where labor is never oppressed by stress of weather, and where animal vitality is never lost by mere conflict with cold?

Do you want to live in a region where the resources are more varied than in any other equal area in the world, where the division of great ranches affords a fine opportunity to get a small farm that will assure you a competence?

Do you want to live where, with a minimum of labor, you can grow profitable crops of grapes and small fruit, oranges, lemons, olives, prunes and almonds, alfalfa and grain, where crops are sure, business is good and capital easily finds profitable investment?

Then go to California, where both health and opportunity await your coming.

The Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line

is the most direct route to the Pacific Coast, and there are two fast through trains daily via this line, over the famous double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River.

Special low round-trip rates are in effect via this line throughout the summer to various Pacific Coast points, and colonist low rate one-way tickets will be on sale during September and October, which give an unusual chance for settlers to make the trip at a minimum of expense.

Daily and personally conducted excursions are operated through to San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Portland without change, on which a double berth in a Pullman tourist sleeping car from Chicago costs only $7.00, via the

Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railways.

FILL IN THIS COUPON AND MAIL IT TO-DAY.

W. B. KNISKERN,
P. T. M. C. & N.-W. Ry., Chicago, Ill.
Please mail free to my address, California booklets, maps and full particulars concerning rates and train service.

NW484

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS	4 A. M.	30	12	32 P. M.
Sunbury.....leave	† 6 1	† 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 25
Kilnes Grove.....	† 6 51	† 10 04	.....	† 5 35
Wolverton.....	† 6 58	† 10 06	.....	† 5 37
Kipps Run.....	† 7 00	† 10 11	.....	† 5 44
South Danville.....	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville.....				
Boyd.....	† 7 16	† 10 21	.....	† 5 53
Roaring Creek.....	† 7 23	† 10 28	† 2 31	† 6 01
Catawissa.....	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
East Bloomsburg.....	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Bloomsburg.....				
Espy Ferry.....	.....	810 47	.....	† 6 19
Stonytown Ferry.....	† 7 52	.....	.....	† 6 27
Creasy.....	7 54	10 56	† 2 56	6 30
Nescopeck.....	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Berwick.....				
Wapwallopen.....	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Hill.....	† 8 25	†11 25	.....	† 6 56
Moncanaqua.....	8 31	11 32	3 22	7 01
Sickshinny.....				
Retreat.....	8 43	11 49	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke.....	8 54	11 54	3 40	7 19
Buttonwood.....	† 9 00	†12 00	.....	† 7 25
Plymouth Ferry.....	† 9 02	.....	.....	† 7 28
South Wilkesbarre.....	9 06	12 06	.....	7 30
Wilkesbarre.....Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 55	7 35
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre.....Leave	† 7 15	†10 35	† 2 45	† 6 00
South Wilkesbarre.....	7 20	.....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry.....	7 22	.....	.....	† 6 07
Buttonwood.....	† 7 24	.....	† 2 54	† 6 09
Nanticoke.....	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat.....	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Shickshinny.....	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Mocanaqua.....				
Pond Hill.....	† 7 53	.....	† 3 27	† 6 42
Wapwallopen.....	7 58	11 16	3 33	6 47
Berwick.....	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Nescopeck.....				
Creasy.....	8 18	†11 35	3 53	7 09
Stonytown Ferry.....	† 8 21	.....	.....	† 7 12
Espy Ferry.....	† 8 29	.....	.....	.....
Bloomsburg.....	8 34	11 47	4 07	7 25
East Bloomsburg.....				
Catawissa.....	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek.....	† 8 48	†12 00	† 4 19	† 7 39
Boyd.....	† 8 55	.....	† 4 26	† 7 46
Danville.....	9 00	12 10	4 31	7 51
South Danville.....				
Kipps Run.....	† 9 05	.....	† 4 35	† 7 56
Wolverton.....	† 9 12	.....	† 4 42	† 8 03
Kilnes Grove.....	† 9 15	.....	† 4 45	† 8 06
Sunbury.....Arrive	9 25	1230	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

† Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

"s" Stops only on Sunday on notice to Conductor to discharge passengers, or on notice to Agent to receive passengers.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10:43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 a. m., 4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.34 a. m. and 4.07 p. m. Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34, 11.47 a. m. and 4.07, 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.34 and 11,47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 27, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY,	ATLANTIC CITY	OCEAN CITY
5:00 a. m. Exp	3:40 p. m. Exp.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
6:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	8:40 a. m. Ex
7:00 a. m. $1 Exc	(60 Minutes)	8:50 a. m. Lcl
8:00 a. m. Exp	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	1:50 p. m. Ex.
9:00 a. m. Ex.	5:40 p. m Exp.	4:20 p. m. Ex.
11:20 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	5:30 p. m. Lcl
1:00 p. m. Exp.	CAPE MAY	SEA ISLE CITY
1:30 p. m. Exp. (Sat. only)	7:00 a. m. $1 Exc.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
2:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m. Ex.
3:30 p. m Exp	1:40 p. m. Exp.	1:50 p.m. Ex
3:40 p. m. Exp. (60 minutes)	4:15 a. m. Exp. (90 minutes)	4:20 p. m Ex.
4:00 p. m. Exp. (60 Minutes)	5:30 p. m. Lcl.	
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
6:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:30 p. m. Lcl.	
7:00 a. m. $1 Exc	7:15 p. m. Exp.	7:00 a m $1 Ex
7:30 a. m. $1 Exc		9:15 a. m. Ex.
8:00 a. m. Exp.	CAPE MAY	5:00 p. m. Lcl
8:30 a. m. Exp.		
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:00 a. m. $1 Exc.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.	8:00 a. m. Lcl.	
11:30 p m. Exp.	8:45 a. m. Exp.	
4:45 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut St.s., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until urther notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Northumberland.....	10 45	10 00	1.50	5 25
Cameron.....	9 57	10 19	12 43	5 34
Danville.....	7 07	10 19	2 11	5 42
Catawissa.....	7 21	10 32	2 25	5 56
Rupert.....	7 26	10 37	2 29	6 0
Bloomsburg.....	7 33	10 44	2 35	6 06
Espy.....	7 38	10 49	2 40	6 11
Light Street.....	7 43	10 54	2 45	6 15
Willow Grove.....	7 48	...	...	...
Briarcreek.....	7 52	10 59	12 58	6 25
Berwick.....	7 57	11 05	2 58	6 30
Beach Haven.....	8 05	11 12	3 06	6 37
Hick's Ferry.....	8 11	11 17	3 09	6 42
Shickshinny.....	8 22	11 31	3 20	6 53
Hunlock's.....	8 33	11 39	3 31	7 03
Nanticoke.....	8 38	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale.....	8 41	11 47	3 42	7 24
Plymouth.....	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 28
Plymouth Junction...	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston.....	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne.....	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort.....	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming.....	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston.....	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston.....	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 01
Duryea.....	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 06
Lackawanna.....	9 26	12 22	4 32	8 10
Taylor.....	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Hellevue.....	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON.....	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 35	10 10	1 55	16 40
Bellevue.....	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 44
Taylor.....	6 44	10 17	2 03	6 49
Lackawanna.....	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 55
Duryea.....	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 58
Pittston.....	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave.....	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 04
West Pittston.....	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 07
Wyoming.....	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort.....	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne.....	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston.....	7 24	10 56	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction...	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth.....	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale.....	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke.....	7 43	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's.....	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny.....	8 01	11 31	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry.....	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven.....	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick.....	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek.....	8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove.....	8 35	12 05	3 54	8 29
Lime Ridge.....	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 33
Espy.....	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg.....	8 53	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert.....	8 57	12 25	4 15	8 50
Catawissa.....	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville.....	9 15	12 44	4 33	9 10
Cameron.....	9 24	12 57	4 43	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	9 35	1 10	4 56	9 35
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904. 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	1 ‡	3 †	5 ‡
Bloomsburg D L & W....	9 00	2 37	6 15
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17
Bloomsburg Main St.....	9 05	2 42	6 20
Paper Mill.....	9 15	2 52	6 30
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 52
Zaners.....	f. 9 40	f3 17	16 55
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13
Edsons.....	10 09	f3 37	7 17
Coles Creek.....	10 03	3 40	7 21
Laubachs.....	10 08	3 45	7 31
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45

SOUTHWARD.

	2 †	4 †	6 †	8 ‡	22 †
Jamison City.....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Laubachs.....	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 53
Coles Creek.....	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	10 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	f6 35	f11 39	5 17	7 45	12 58
Forks.....	6 39	11 42	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 4..	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St..	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.

Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Original and Only Genuine
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggists for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. 2444 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

CAPITAL $100,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

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J. M. Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year In advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1905.

SENATOR COCHRAN.

The resolutions passed at the recent county convention set forth in a particularly brilliant manner such good, wholesome advice that it is worthy of reproduction and of the earnest consideration of every loyal Democrat.

We refer especially to that clause which says "It behooves us then as Democrats to sink individual aspirations and personal preferences, and get together for the common good of the Democratic cause, and unite upon the strongest possible candidate. Let us therefore choose for our candidate a man whose high character, unquestioned fairness and honesty will appeal to all classes, and cause all factions to rally to his support: a man who has led the party to victory in the past" —and should have added "will do it again." While the above was meant to apply to our Congressional District, it applies with equal force to our Senatorial district. Columbia County is the pivotal point for not only the Congressional, but the Senatorial District as well.

Let us review the situation for a moment. The last Presidential election returns for this Senatorial District, which is comprised of Columbia, Sullivan, Montour and Lycoming Counties, shows the total vote as follows:

	Parker	Roosevelt
Columbia	4194	3635
Lycoming	6414	8928
Northumberland	5921	11219
Montour	1352	1518
	17881	25300
Roosevelt's majority		7419

In the face of these figures, and of the general political conditions throughout the country THE COLUMBIAN is of the opinion that the only Democrat who can carry this Senatorial District with absolute certainty is Honorable J. Henry Cochran, our present State Senator.

If he can be persuaded to accept the nomination in 1906, by all means let us give it to him without a contest. He is the acknowledged leader of the Democratic side of the Senate. Although the Republican majority in the Senate is quite large, yet so strong is Mr. Cochran's personality in the Senate as a body, and his personal influence among the members individually, that his advice and warnings against vicious legislation have been heeded in many instances. He is a safe man. Then why not keep him if we can?

He is a safe candidate. First, because he can be elected, and his official acts in the past have stamped him as a man of honor, and of unswerving Democracy.

When it comes to representative offices such as members of the Legislature or the Senate, or of Congress, it should be remembered that it takes years of application to become familiar with the duties involved, or to become really useful to serve he people's best interests. When the right man is found he should be retained as long as he will consent to remain.

We do not care whether our Representative's name is Jones, Smith Brown—neither do you. But what is of deep interest to us all is:

First, that we have an honest, capable Representative, of recognized ability.

Second, a loyal Democrat.

Third, a man who can win at the polls, a man whose life and character as displayed in his private and official life, command the respect of his fellow-men, and invite the confidence and votes of members of all parties.

In Mr. Cochran we have all these, and a winning candidate. Let us then tender him the nomination without opposition, and persuade him to accept it. Why should we take any chances with a new or untried candidate?

We have already lost our Democratic Congressman; let us then take timely warning, and be guided by the spirit of a pure and broad Democracy which does not permit any man's personal ambition to become greater than his party, and thus imperil the best interests of the party he would represent.

Our reduced majority shows us that it is time to break away from petty politics and petty policies.

The intelligent voter of to-day demands an aggressive party of broad-minded principles to meet the requirements of this progressive age, and a candidate with a record of accomplishment. Senator Cochran meets every demand. He can win.

Johnston and Hidlay Re-appointed

W. C. Johnston, Esq., is again solicitor for the Bloomsburg Poor District, and W. H. Hidlay is the treasurer. These gentlemen it will be remembered, formerly filled these same positions. Last fall they were supplanted by T. J. Vanderslice, Esq., as solicitor, and M. Milleisen as treasurer. The resignation of one of the directors, W. B. Allen, made a vacancy on the board which was filled by the appointment of Francis R. Drake The directors held a meeting on Saturday, and by the votes of Eves and Drake, Vanderslice and Milleisen were dropped, and Johnston and Hidlay were re-instated.

These changes in the board appointments are merely the changes in the political wheel. Last fall when Johnston and Hidlay were removed there was no reason for it except that others had a stronger pull with the board. Now the complexion of the board has changed again, and those who were removed at an unusual time are reinstated, also at an unusual time. These changes have about as much to do with the recent Register anp Recorder fight as the man in the moon.

Shipping Huckleberries

Shipments of huckleberries on a small scale are being made from various points in the region. The season opened up somewhat earlier than was expected. It was thought that the cold weather in the forepart of this month would retard the ripening of the berries, but this drawback was offset by the intense heat of the past week.

Handsome Souvenir Book.

We are in possession of a souvenir book, issued from the office of the Hastings Printing Company, containing fifty pages, between the covers of which is given a brief sketch of Milton, together with beautiful half tones of her churches industries, residences, prominent citizens and various views. It is a splendid exposition of the printing art, and demonstrates the capacity and capabilities of the office from which it was issued.

TWO BIG FAIR DATES

Everybody is interested in the two big fairs, Milton and Bloomsburg. The former will be held October 3, 4, 5 and 6, and the latter October 10, 11, 12 and 13. Though it is over three months yet, officers of both Associations are laying plans for the success of the exhibitions.

GRAFT IS BAD POLITICS.

Folk Declares People Can Correct Civic Evils Whenever They Want To.

In an address before the Kentucky Bar Association at Cincinnati, O., last week on "The Reign of Law," Governor Joseph M. Folk of Missouri, said:

"When a city gets bad it is because of the indifference of good citizens. The strength of the lawless is great, but it is nothing when it comes in contact with an aroused public conscience. St Louis showed that when the people there, weary of the domination of corruptionists, rose up and overthrew them. Philadelphia at last awoke from her slumbers and determined to do something. The strength of the gang was great, but it was shattered by the shafts of public opinion, under the leadership of Mayor Weaver.

"What was done in St. Louis, what is being done in Philadelphia, can be done in Cincinnati or any other place. The people can correct civic evils whenever they want to, and get just as good government as they deserve or as bad a government as they suffer it to become.

The lawless do not care anything for law so long as they control politics and officials. They do not know good from bad. All they know is politics. But they do know good politics from bad politics. When they are taught here and everywhere that lawlessness is bad politics, the problem of good government will be near solution.

"Whatever violations of law are tolerated, it leads to grafting on the part of some officials for permitting such violations. Especially is this true when the law denounces the thing, such as gambling. Where it is run openly, with the knowledge of officials, it is reasonably certain somebody is getting a graft. Not that all officials graft, by any means, for the majority of officials do the best they can, but somewhere along the line there is somebody who 'gets his' in the vernacular of the gambler."

TO USE ELECTRIC FAN

The reason the "electric fan cold" is so often accompanied by a sore throat is, according to a prominent physician, that the draught made by the fan carries so much dust with it. "The fact is," says this authority, "that the air stirred by the fan is not fresh air, unless the fan is backed up against an open window. When operating in an inside room or in similar places, where it is most appreciated, the fan uses the same air over and over, and this air gathers up and keeps in motion all the available dust. People who dont catch cold are sometimes affected by this dust, and show symptoms either of sore throat or of nose troubles akin to catarrh. The right way to arrange a fan is to so arrange that all the air with which it is supplied comes from outside."

Boyd F. Maize, Esq. special agent for the Caledonian Insurance Company, of Scotland, spent Sunday afternoon and Monday with his parents in town.

His headquarters are at 423 Walnut Street, Philadelphia. His territory is an unusually large one, covering six states, in which he settles law suits, adjusts claims and appoints agents. The multifarious duties of the position gives him but little leisure. He expects to be at home again in two or three weeks.

Important Decision.

A decision handed down in the United States Circuit Court by Judge Hazel, of importance to the manufacturers of pianolas, phonographs, music-boxes, and automatic musical apparatus, holds that records and perforated paper rolls used in the reproduction of musical compositions are not infringements of the composer's copyright.

Ayer's

Do you like your thin, rough, short hair? Of course you don't. Do you like thick, heavy, smooth hair? Of course you do. Then why

Hair Vigor

not be pleased? Ayer's Hair Vigor makes beautiful heads of hair, that's the whole story. Sold for 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a long time. It is, indeed, a wonderful hair tonic, restoring health to the hair and scalp, and, at the same time, proving a splendid dressing."
DR. J. W. TATUM, Madill, Ind. T.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Hair

May Stay in Bloomsburg

Dr. Eveland Leaves Election of President Entirely With Board of Directors.

After a session lasting from noon on Friday until midnight, the newly-elected Board of Directors of Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, adjorned without electing a president of that institution.

Rev. Dr. Eveland, Bloomsburg, who was elected by the old Board of Directors on June 9, declined the place, with the request the new board be free to vote for whom they wanted. A number of the members of the new board are said to be friends of Rev. Emery M. Stevens, of Williamsport, and wanted to have him elected, but Rev. Mr. Stevens declined to have his name presented. It was finally decided to postpone the election until all the members of the board could be present, several being absent at Friday's meeting. Prof Clarence E. McCloskey was elected dean of the faculty.

Will Have Base Ball

Events of he past few days would seem to indicate that Bloomsburg is to have good base ball during the summer. The organization of a club that will give the townspeople base ball of the sort that Normal has furnished for the past two months, has been under discussion for some time. The initiation was taken on Friday when a subscription to raise funds for the purchase of uniforms was circulated. So ready and encouraging was the response that the projectors decided to get together at once and form the plans and get the association on a proper footing. Accordingly a meeting was held Monday evening at which time Geo. B. Hunt was elected president, Jas. C. Brown, treasurer and Paul R. Eyerly secretary. Bion Hagenbuch, who has in the past demonstrated his ability in a similar capacity was elected manager and coach, with Chas. Taylor, as assistant manager.

The club will be run on the cooperative plan. Everybody works for nothing until the end of the season, when if there are any funds in the treasury they will be divided among the players.

This plan was tried at Hazleton last season and proved successful. The city had good ball all summer, and the team is being run in the same way this year.

It now remains to be seen whether or not the people will patronize base ball in town. That there is material for a good team was shown two weeks ago, when some of the players who will compose the proposed team, without any practice to speak of, defeated Normal 4 to 3, and that too when Normal had her best men on the field.

The players are practicing nightly, and coach Hagenbuch is watching the work of each candidate very carefully. He says that no favoritism whatever will be shown, and that no one will get a place on the team until he has proven his worth.

Here's hoping that the proposition wins out.

Wonderful Milk Producer

"There is a cow," says Prof. L. H. Bailey in Country Life in America, "which is now eleven years old. Last year her record was 17,400 pounds of milk, with a maximum daily yield of seventy-seven and three-quarter pounds. This year she has given as high as ninety-three pounds a day, and she will probably exceed her former record. In other words, here is a cow that every month produces her own weight in milk. She is a most efficient milk producing machine."

Benton Telephone Company.

Among the charters granted by the State Department at Harrisburg on Friday was one to the Benton Rural Telephone Company. The Company will construct lines from Benton to Jamison City and to several other contiguous towns in this and Luzerne Counties.

H. M. Hess, of Benton is the president of the corporation, which will operate with a capital of $5,000.

Mother Gray's Appeal to Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered an aromatic pleasant herb for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses and Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 6 29 4t

HOT WEATHER Goods are in Vogue

Serge coats in black or blue, single and double breasted. Hot weather coat or vests, crash or duck trousers. Two piece suits in crash, tweeds and flannels.

Straw hats in all the braids and styles.

TOWNSEND'S

A MARKED REDUCTION ON SILK MOHAIR SHIRT-WAIST SUITS.

A suit of changeable brown Taffeta Silk, full blouse effect waist, 9 gore plain skirt.
Former Price $10.50, sale price 8.50.

A suit of green changeable Taffeta Silk, waist full blouse effect. Skirt 9 gore tucked.
Former price $12.50, sale price 10.00.

White China Silk Suit, blouse waist, double flounce skirt tucked.
Former price $14.00, sale price 11.75.

Black Taffeta with white pin stripe, suit; plaited waist, shirred yoke, trimmed with white piping. Skirt 9 gore.
Former price $14.00, sale price 11.75.

Changeable blue and white checked Taffeta Silk Suit, trimmed with white piping.
Former price $14.00, sale price 11.75.

Changeable blue and black Taffeta Silk Jacket suit.
Former price $18.00, sale price 15.00.

Mohair Suits in blue and brown.
Former price $10 and 8.00, sale price 6.98 and 8.75.

Fancy blue Mohair Suits.
Former price $15.00, sale price 12.75.

Misses' Mohair and light weight Cheviot Suits.
Former prices 5.00 and 6.98, sale prices 4.50 and 5.98.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

Cut off that cough with Jayne's Expectorant and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.

The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.

Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

A Man's feet are better judges of shoes than he is!

When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1905.

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

The Methodist Episcopal Sunday School will hold its annual picnic at Columbia Park, Tuesday, July 11.

Vanity Fair, March and Two-step by Chas. P. Elwell, on sale at all music stores. Second edition, 25 cents. tf.

The sewing machine the folding bed, the carpet-sweeper and the gas stove were invented by men, but it was some girl, probably, who first thought of the hammock.

An automobile to sell for $400 is the latest thing out. There are 10,000 of these to be made,—"an automobile for the masses." They will be still cheaper as time goes by.

Get paper flags for table decorations, paper napkins and doilies with flag decorations, at the COLUMBIAN office for July 4th.

There is nothing so deceiving as the so-called friends one has. When put to the test they are much like our umbrellas—easily lost, hard to open up and generally missing on a rainy day.

James Scarlet Esq., and W. L. McClure, of Danville, returned from Jonestown, Saturday after having spent several days fishing. They were quite successful, both having well filled baskets.

Chas. P. Elwell will continue to teach during the summer months. Instruction in pianoforte, violin, harmony and composition. Send for circular or call at 233 West Third street, Bloomsburg. tf

"The Mikado" once decided that if a man is pronounced dead he ceases legally to exist. The court of this state has handed down the same decision in the case of a woman pronounced dead, who has just appeared and wants back her estate settled by a decision of the court.

Edward Cleaver residing a mile distant from Numidia, is suffering with two fractured ribs, which he sustained while exhibiting a colt a few days ago. He led the animal from the stable when in a spirit of playfulness it kicked up its heels, striking Mr. Cleaver.

Supt. J. L. Hetler, formerly located at Lattimer, now in charge of the collieries of Calvin Pardee & Co. at Blackwood, Va., is in town greeting old acquaintances. His family is visiting relatives in Columbia county and expects to remain north during the summer months.—Hazleton *Sentinel.*

The Fourth of July will see many family picnic parties hereabouts. Paper napkins and doilies with American Flag designs are just the things for such occasions, and can be procured at the COLUMBIAN Office. tf

Saturday evening's attendance at Columbia Park broke all previous records for this season. The weather was of the made-to-order sort, and with excellent music furnished by Calhoun's orchestra, hundreds of people from all along the trolley line were attracted to and enjoyed the pleasure of the resort.

The discovery, last week, of the body of Michael Wanzie, of Natalie, pierced by a bullet, lying on the public road, near the spot at which the beheaded man was found last winter, has created the greatest excitement in that locality. Wanzie had left his home after dinner to go to work, and it was while en route that he was waylaid. Coroner Dreher is investigating.

Bruce Hartman is at the home of his father Harris Hartman at Buckhorn, where he will visit for three weeks. He for a number of years has been employed as book keeper for a firm at Honolulu, Hawaian Islands, and gives an entertaining and highly interesting account of that country.

The Woman's Relief Corps of Berwick have again received word of the flower laden boat sent adrift at that place on Memorial Day in honor of the Sailor Dead The boat was first grounded at Mifflinville when it was started on by willing hands, the second time at Catawissa, then at Danville and at Selinsgrove.

Cancer caused the death of Mrs. Hervey Jones, at Espy Tuesday evening. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Boone of Summer Hill, and was aged 65 years. She is survived by a husband and three children, Mrs. Wm. Trembley of Almedia, Mrs. Wm. Nagle of Bloomsburg and C. H. Jones of Espy.

As the result of the speed war of the past week between the Pennsylvania Central and the New York Central railroads, in which the Pennsylvania came out ahead, the running time between Chicago and New York will hereafter be fixed at 16 hours instead of 18 and 20, as heretofore And if the New York Central or Michigan Southern undertakes to meet that, the Pennsylvania threatens to reduce the time to 14 hours.

Geo. A. Mason, residing near Bloomsburg and Miss F. Louisa Eves, were the contracting parties in a marriage ceremony which was performed at the residence of the bride's mother in Woodbury, N. J., two weeks ago today. They were attended by Miss Maude Edelbauer as bridesmaid, and Arthur P. Kline, of Orangeville, as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Mason will reside on a farm in Mt. Pleasant township.

The writer has always been of the opinion, but was especially impressed of the fact, while on a drive up through the country about Light Street and other places, that the value of any farm is enhanced by having a well kept public highway passing by it, and yet there are a few men who, rather than do any gratuitous work on such a road for fear their neighbor may profit by it, will let such a highway become a disgrace to them and to the community.

Mrs. Elizabeth Owens died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Philip Owens in Treschkow. Deceased was the widow of Evan Owens, who was drowned in the No. 9, Tresckow mines nineteen years ago and whose body was never recovered. The following children survive her: George of Bloomsburg, Mrs. Anna Jones of Scranton, Mrs. Caroline Walters of Tresckow and Thomas of Scranton. The funeral will be held tomorrow with services at the house by Rev. Fans. Interment in Jeansville cemetery.—Hazleton *Sentuel.*

Ralph Aul and Miss Pearl Hess, both of Espy were married in the Lutheran church of that village on Thursday last by the pastor Rev. L. H. W. Kline. Miss Grace Bradbury of Espy was maid of honor, and Miss Belle Ruckle and Miss Susannah Milnes of Espy were bridesmaids. Charles Walters of Scranton was best man, and Harry McCollum of Espy, Harry White of Almedia, and Ray Walters of Scranton were ushers. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Hidlay.

Are you satisfied with your glasses? You should not be unless they are doing for you all that glasses can do. If you are in doubt I will be glad to advise you without cost.

Henry W. Champlin, M. D.,
OCULIST,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

AT THE NORMAL

Commencement Week Program a Fine One

The exercises of Commencement week at the Normal began on Saturday evening with a drama by the Middler Class, entitled "A Rose of Plymouth Town." It was well presented, and generally conceded to be the best performance given of its kind in recent years on a similar occasion.

On Sunday afternoon the baccalaureate sermon was preached by Mr. George Mahy, secretary of the Scranton Y. M. C. A. It was a forceful and helpful discourse.

On Monday evening the Music recital of the Senior Class was held, and was participated in by Misses Bertelle and Sarah Laubach, Blanche Austin, Nell Imboden, Jean Gunton, Hazel Hartman, Ida Smith, Lavere ;Robbins, Rose Volrath and Gregory Higgins. It was a very pleasing entertainment.

On Tuesday class reunions were held by '80 and '90 and several other classes.

The class day exercises took place on Tuesday evening, and consisted of an address by the class president Geo. H. Webber, of Charleston, S. C., a piano selection for two instruments by Miss Ida Smith, daughter of Thos. L. Smith, accompanied by Miss Pontins, which showed much excellence in both pupil and teacher. The class history prepared by Miss Beatrice Larrabee and Warren Drum, and recited by Miss Larrabee was a very entertaining sketch of the class during its three years in school. It was full of witty hits, and recited in a charming manner.

A violin solo by Gregory Higgins was well played.

The class prophecy was gived by G. Edward Elwell who used as a means of looking into the future of the class, the spectrophone, and by its help he foretold some wonderful things that are going to happen. His speech was well dotted with humor, and his delivery was graceful and unembarrassed, showing that the young man was quite at home.

Jesse Y. Shambach delivered an oration on Thadeus Stevens, and eight senior girls rendered a vocal selection. Miss Florence Redeker presented a class memorial to the school in the shape of a scholarship of $200, which was accepted by Dr. Welsh. The presentation of gifts to members of the class, by Miss Mary B. Dailey created much amusement.

The hall was crowded, and the entire entertainment was a great success. Miss Prentice is entitled to much credit for the excellent delivery of the various speeches.

The commencement address was delivered on Wednesday morning by Dr. Chas. B. Gilbert of New York city, and was a most excellent one. Music was furnished by the Normal orchestra.

At one o'clock the Alumni meeting was held, with a goodly attendance. The following officers were elected: President Dr. Welsh, '76; Vice-President, George E. Elwell '67; Recording Secretary, Miss Anna Snyder, '86; Corresponding Secretary, Prof. Wilbur; treasurer, H. G. Supplee; Executive committee, Prof. Bakeless, Miss Eva Rupert, Mrs. L. P. Sterner, Mrs. J. G. Harman, Prof. Albert.

At two o'clock the banquet was announced, and about 400 people sat down in the dining hall. Hon. John G. Harman presided as toastmaster and filled the bill to perfection. Responses to toasts were made by J. C. Kraut of Philadelphia, Dr. Welsh, Miss Ida Sitler of 1905. Harry McCollum recited one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems and was encored. At 4 o'clock closed one of Normal's most successful years.

JOKE ON JOHNSON

Chas. F. Johnson, formerly of Bloomsburg, now a successful jeweler of Hughesvile, is the victim of a ajoke. He attended the commencement exercises at State College week before last, and while there an old gentleman mistook him for a classmate of forty years ago. Mr. Johnson, says the Hughesville *Mail*, cannot see anything in his personal appearance to cause one to imagine that he is older than he claims to be, and he is busy explaining how the old gentleman was led to make such a mistake.

Millville Trolley.

C. W. Miller Esq., makes the very encouraging statement that work on the Bloomsburg Millville trolley line will be commenced in a day or two. The engineer is expected to reach Bloomsburg today, and upon his arrival the work will be started. The equipment for the construction of the line is already here, and the rails have been shipped.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs E. M. Laubach of Forks, spent Friday in town, shopping.

H. B. Low, of Orangeville, went to Lancaster Monday on business.

Rev. F. N. Kuhn of Waller, attended a bible conference at Reading this week.

Miss Blanche Correll has returned home from a visit with friends at West Pittston.

LeRoy Gardner has returned to Pittsburg, after visiting his father, Dr. B F. Gardner.

Ambrose Sitler of Orange township, gave some business matters his attention in town on Monday.

Miss Ella Stewart of Orangeville, returned home on Monday from a visit with friends at Wilkes Barre.

Rev R. S. Nichols attended the 20th anniversary of his graduation at Williams College, Williamstown, Mass, last week.

Mrs. C. G. Barkley arrived home on Monday fron Scranton, where she visited her daughter, Mrs. F. C. Williams.

William Bachman, who is employed on railway construction work near Alexandria, Va., spent Sunday with his parents in town.

J. L. Dillon left to-day for Tres Piedras New Mexico, on business for the Bromide Mining and Milling Co., in which he is interested.

Dr and Mrs. G. L. Jolly of Orangeville attended Commencement exercises on Wednesday. Their son Raymond was in the graduating class.

Prof. F. H. Jenkins went to Amherst, Mass., last week to attend a reunion of his class at Amherst College. It was their twenty-fifth anniversary.

Dr. M. J. Hess is in Philadelphia this week attending the 37th annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Dental Association which is being held at the Bellevue—Stratford Hotel.

Miss May Boyle, Miss Edna Boutz, Miss Lottie Burgess and Miss Cora Dunkerly of Hazleton were among those who attended the reunion of the class of 1900 at the Normal this week.

Miss Stella Altmiller, one of the efficient teachers in the Walnut street building left for Bloomsburg yesterday, where she will spend her vacation with her brother, Dr. Charles Altmiller.—Hazleton "Standard."

Whitney-Cope Wedding

The wedding of Mr. John Asbury Whitney and Miss Hettie Cope, daughter of Prof. and Mrs. J. G. Cope, of the Normal School, was celebrated in the First Presbyterian church, very quietly at seven o'clock Tuesday morning. They decided not to have a large wedding and so dispensed with bridesmaids, ushers and even with a best man, and only to the immediate families were formal invitations sent. The ring ceremony was used and Rev. Dr. Hemingway officiated, assisted by Rev. W. H. Whitney, father of the groom. The bride wore a traveling suit of green pongee.

The bride is prominent in social life in Bloomsburg, and is a vocalist of note. Nature has richly endowed her. Her voice is of great purity. It is obedient, secure and full of music. She has a native sense of art, and has also been teachable having studied abroad. Since her return from Italy, she has been instructor in vocal music at the Normal.

The groom is a son of Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Whitney of West street, the descendant of a family whose name has been honorably borne for generations. At the outbreak of the war with Spain, he enlisted as a volunteer, and was assigned as assistant engineer in Cuba. At the close of the war he was appointed assistant engineer of the city of Havana. Later he became interested in a plantation Company in Cuba and is at present a director of the company.

They took the 7:33 train on the D. L. & W. Railroad, Tuesday morning for the Adirondacks where they will spend their honey-moon.

Visited Fort Augusta.

Thirteen members of the local chapter of the Daughters of American Revolution, together with members of the Sunbury and Selinsgrove chapters, visited Fort Augusta yesterday, where they listened to an interesting address by Miss Minnie Mickley, of Washington D. C., State Vice Regent, of Penna.

Those who accompanied the chapter were: Mrs. Helena Ikeler, Mrs. R. G. Phillips, Mrs. M. E. Ent, Mrs. H. A. M'Killip, Mrs. L. P. Sterner, Miss Tustin, Mrs. R. R. Zarr, Mrs. Mary S. Worthinton, Miss Stewart, Mrs. J. C. Rutter, Jr., Mrs. Warren Mifflin, Mrs. F. P. Pursel and Miss Alice Low.

Notice.

Commencing July 5th we will close every Wednesday during July and August at 12:45 p. m., and will remain closed until Thursday morning at seven o'clock. Store will be open every evening during the week excepting Wednesday evening.

THE LEADER STORE CO. LTD.
2t

Nescopeck Bridges.

Rapid progress is being made on both of the Nescopeck bridges. The abutment on the first bridge is rapidly rising and the abutment on the second bridge is under way. Each contractor has a force of about 20 men at work.

Prices For This Week.

We offer the following goods and prices this week. Some of the lots are small and will not last long.

15 and 18c Batistes and Lawns 12½c yd.

Cambric body white skirt with 10 tucks, 1 row insertion, lace bottom, at 85c each.

1.50 Jap Portieres 50 cts a piece.

Ladies black lisle. Hose 19c pair.

65c Dresden ribbons 50 cents yard.

Ladies caps in white, red, champaign and blue 50 cents each.

Gingham aprons 10 cents each.

Special Counterpane.

Full size, hemmed ready for use, usually 1.25 now 1.00.

Short Kimonas well made 50, 75, 89, 1.25 and 1.50.

Wrappers in light and dark at 1.00, 1.25, 1.75.

Children's hose supporters 10 cents.

Ladies' all linen hemstitched handkerchiefs 5c each.

27in. Shantung silks regular 50c goods now 40c yd.

27in. China silks 50c yd.

Shirt waists that sold up to 4.50 (not this season's goods) at 1.00 each.

30c homespun dress linens 25c.

1.00 rough silks at 85c.

Special children's black hose, all sizes, fine, 2 pair for 25 cents.

Children's black lace hose all sizes 10c pair.

Best calicoes 5c yd.

Dotted silk Batiste 25c yard.

Black Mercerized Sunburst skirts at 1.00 each.

Jap lunch baskets 3c each

Baby caps 25, 39, 50 cts.

Long Kimonas white and colors at 1.00, 1.50, 1.75 and 2.00.

Girdle frames 15 cents.

Colgate's 25 cts. talcum powder 18c.

Colgate's 25c tooth powder 18c.

Pears' unscented soap 15 cents.

50c corded wash silks 39 cents.

27in. Black Taffeta Silk 75 cts yd.

Bath sponges 10 and 15c.

Big Millinery Reductions

All our trimmed hats and shapes at a big reduction in price. Come and see the goods; note quality and prices.

EXTRA SPECIAL:—20 trimmed hats just from our own work room. Newest shapes worth two and three times the price we intend to ask you. Come and see them. The price for your own selection from these is only **$1.25 each.**

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 67.

SAVE YOUR EYESIGHT BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

The proper care of the eyes will save all the worries and miseries that neglect of them will surely bring.

Correctly fitted glasses will remedy the ills already begun.

Skill and experience alone can adjust glasses properly.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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MANY REPTILES ARE DEAF

Safety of Man Frequently Due to That Cause.

ATTRACTED BY LIGHT

Not Because of the Heat, However, as They Have Been Known to Leave a Safe and Warm Retreat in Winter for the Sunshine.

It is a little known fact—it has, indeed, but recently been discovered by naturalists—that a majority of the enormous reptiles with which the world is infested are wholly or partially deaf, while their sight is often defective. To this is probably due the immunity of man from attack by these creatures, for men hear and see the serpents before they are heard or seen and are enabled either to escape from their proximity or to make adequate preparations for defense.

A German naturalist, M. Werner, of Vienna, has recently reported the result of observations that he has been making for some time on the senses of inferior vertebrates.

On certain points the conclusions of M. Werner are very surprising, and in all they are worthy of notice, M. Werner has observed 136 individuals, of which one-third were at liberty, and he took all possible precautions not to let the creatures know they were watched. One general fact is evident, that reptiles and amphibians are strongly attracted by water. They go straight for it, even when they are at a distance so great that they could not divine its presence by any of the senses known to us. It seems really that a sense of which we have no knowledge informs them of the direction in which water may be found.

There seems to be a sort of chemical attraction, says M. Werner. But how does this act and on what part of the creature? This remains a mystery. Reptiles also seek the light, but independently, of heat; they are positively heliotropic, and in winter they often leave a comfortable and warm retreat to seek the sunlight. Sight is generally good with them. It is probably the finest sense they possess, but it would still appear to be very limited. The saymans and the crocodiles cannot distinguish a man at a distance of more than six times their length, according to M. Werner. In the water lishes see only at very close range—about half their own length. This will seem, perhaps, unlikely to anglers, although some of them can cite instances showing to have a very moderate sense of sight. The boa, for instance, does not see at more than a quarter and a third of its own length; different species are limited to one-fifth or one-eighth of their length.—Chicago Chronicle.

Twelve Russian Proverbs.

Eat the honey thou canst find, drink the vermouth thou canst not avoid.

If thou sayest snow is dirty, what wilt thou say about chimney soot?

Even the stupid man is clever enough to make an excuse.

When the nightingale's voice was raised, the cart horse began to neigh.

"What a pity to lose my splendid coat!" cried the ferryman as he and his passengers were drowning.

When the avaricious man has sold his forest he wants to sell the trees.

The bees gather wax and honey; the avaricious man asks that they should also prepare his meal.

Do not look too long at the holes in your coat; but put patches on them.

He who receive too much praise grows donkey's ears.

Spin flax if you canst not weave silk.

Dull silver is better than shining brass.

No brass is prouder than that which has lately been coined.—Westminster Gazette.

Origin of "Cad."

"Cad," it is pointed out by a writer is a word furnishing "a pathetic instance of verbal degeneration." He says: "Its grandfather 'cadet' and its father 'caddie' are still alive in the language, though the relationship is recognized by few. 'Cadet,' signifying by derivation from the Latin a 'little head,' or 'little chief,' was a sufficiently honorable word for the younger son of a noble family, and acquired its modern army sense from the fact that the army was often the destiny of younger sons. But it also begat 'cadie' or 'caddie,' a junior or subordinate in general, such as a bricklayer's assistant or the familiar golf caddie. Then 'caddie' or 'cad' came to mean an odd jobman, and from calling the men who hung about to pick up jobs by this name, Oxford undergraduates presently applied it to 'town in general, as contrasted with 'gown.' As no compliment was thereby intended, its final degradation is obvious

Roses That Change Color.

The Chinese, Japanese and Siamese are peculiarly skilful at botanical feats. One of their wonderful achievements is known as the "changeable rose." The bloom is white in the shade and red in the sunlight. After night or in a dark room this curiosity of the rose family is a pure, waxy white blossom. When transferred to the open air the transformation immediately steps in, the time of the entire change of the flower from white to red depending on the degree of sunlight and warmth. First the petals take on a kind of washed or faded blue color, and rapidly change to a faint blush of pink. The pink gradually deepens in hue until you find that your lily-white rose of an hour before is as red as the reddest peony that ever bloomed.—London Tit-Bits.

SINGING MICE IN LONDON.

Strange Melody Similar to That of Canaries.

A resident of London writes as follows about singing mice: "We had never heard of their existence until a fortnight ago, when we arrived from the continent and went into lodgings in an old house just off Oxford circus. The first night we were awakened by loud singing, as of a number of birds, and our first impression was that some one kept nightingales in cages. The next morning the landlady informed us they were singing mice we had heard, and she had read of them when her lodgers began to hear them in the walls. When we clapped our hands we could hear the mice running away in the walls, and when all was still they began again their concert. It was not squeaking or chirping, but sustained singing, as of canaries in a cage."

Disposing of Seized Tobacco.

English customs officers for years have made a special search of travelers' luggage for contraband tobacco. The early practice was to bury it when confiscated. This senseless waste was suspended for a time by the happy idea of distributing the tobacco among the troopships. That did not last long, and next the contraband was smoked in the "queen's pipe," a huge receptacle which could turn hundreds of tons into smoke in a few hours. Again the misgiving of the waste troubled the authorities, and they took to regaling the criminal lunatics in certain government asylums. Any tobacco that was left over was ordered for the use of troops sent on foreign service. But that luxury seems to have been cut off once more, although the criminal lunatics still enjoy their pipes and cigars. One attempt was made to throw the contraband ,when it was slightly damaged, on the market, but this caused an outcry from the tobacco trade.

Bedroom Suite in Solid Silver.

One's thoughts turn to the Arabian Nights when mention is made of a bedroom suite in solid silver, but such is the character of an order just placed at Sheffield. The name of the customer is so far secret, and the only information which can be obtained is that the instructions have come from the Far East, and that the question of price is only a minor consideration. The designs are of oriental character, and of a most elaborate description. The suite, which is in solid silver throughout, includes a bedstead, a cabinet, a dressing table, a dozen chairs, three foot baths, and three hot water cans. The bedstead is of the most ornate character. Each of the four pillars will be surmounted by gracefully modelled female figures nearly three feet in height. The moulding of the room and other decorations will also be of sterling silver. —London Tit-iBts.

A Touching Tribute.

In a tiny country village in New England a woman died recently and her relatives, friends and neighbors decided that a woman who had been so popular in life deserved something out of the ordinary in the way of a funeral.

The village did not boast of a band, but it had a drum corps, which was hired to do honor to the occasion. Solemnly it played on the way to the cemetery, but on the return it was asked to play something livelier as a sort of quickstep home.

But the drum corps had made a specialty of serious music and knew only one lively air. However, it was perfectly willing to play the only cheerful bit of music it knew, and the funeral procession went cheerily home to the strains of "The Girl I Left Behind Me."

Long Lives of Birds.

Why do birds live so much longer than mammals, which are often a hundred times their size? Possibly, among other things, because they have beaks instead of teeth. All carnivorous beasts become weak and liable to starvation as their teeth drop out or break. Neither are the herbivorous animals in much better case. Old horses would probably die of starvation if wild, for their teeth would fail them; indeed, in some stony countries old horses have to be killed because their teeth are worn away by cropping grass close to the rock. Rodents constantly die from injuries to teeth. But a bird's beak neither wears out nor drops off, and as it constantly swallows fresh grit to aid in grinding food in the gizzard that needs no repairing either.

Recovered After Eighteen Years.

Eighteen years ago Capt. John Ingersoll of St. John, N. B., lost a masonic charm. It was supposed that it was lost during the progress of the fire that destroyed the steamer Flushing. Recently the dredge which has been at work near the spot brought the emblem to the surface, and it was found to be none the worse for the years that it has been buried in the mud of the river bottom. On cleaning the name was clearly discernible and the emblem was returned to its owner.

Change for Hudson's Bay.

It is propsed to change the name of Hudson's bay to "Canadian sea." This recalls the sad fate of the explorer who gave his name to the principal river of New York and whose memory has been associated by the genius of Washington Irving with the legends of the Catskills. On June 21, 1611, Capt. Hudson was set adrift in Hudson's bay by a mutinous crew with his son and seven sick or loyal sailors and was never heard of afterward.

FORGERY EXPERTS' WORK

How They Can Discover the Work of Criminals.

DEEP STUDY REQUIRED

Knowledge of Handwriting Essential to Anyone Who Would Make Detection of Forgery a Business.—Minute Details Tell Tales.

"I am not an expert in chirography, but have at least made enough of a study of handwriting to tell why it is often easy to detect the forgery of a name, though even the man whose name has been forged may declare the handwriting a perfect replica of his own," Mr. Arnold Keating says:

"Of course, you know—everybody knows, for that matter—that a man or woman never writes his name twice exactly in the same way. There is always a slight difference, and where two signatures of the same name appear identically alike it is safe to assume that one or both is a forgery. But suppose the signature has been forged but once, suppose the handwriting of which it is an exact copy has been destroyed or is not obtainable, of what avail is the comparative method then? The exact comparison cannot be employed, but other almost infallible comparisons are still available.

"When a child is taught how to write, at first its penmanship is severely stiff and cramped; then it becomes very much like that in the copy book, but after this is discarded the child's character begins to creep into its handwriting. There are little idiosyncrasies apparent that are not to be found in the chirography of other children, and this manifestation of character continues to change it with development until about the age of twenty-five, when a person's character is fixed, and the handwriting from that time on continues about the same. The forger's copy of the signature or writing will appear to be exactly like that of the man, but when examined under a powerful microscope the tiny evidences of character that appear in every loop and line will be found to be largely missing, for the same character is not behind the pen. It is in the minute details that the forgery is discovered.

"Then, again, a man's mental condition will impress itself upon his writing. If he is nervous, bubbling over with joy or depressed, the fact will be apparent to the expert in writing. If the alleged handwriting doesn't show traces of the mental condition the man was really in at the time he was supposed to have written or signed a certain letter, the signature or the writing is a forgery. These are some of the ways in which an expert detects even the most successful forgery."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Cobra Hunting.

Tales of tiger shooting in India are common enough, but one does not hear much about king cobra hunting. A. Mervyn Smith tells how, accompanied by two natives, he went to a spot where a pair of king cobras were known to be. On arrival at the place he was made to get under a basket, the meshes of which were too small for a king cobra to put its head through. While he was beneath this basket one of the snakes came out and was shot with arrows by natives. The other cobra then appeared and endeavored to overturn the coop. Describing the incident, the writer says: "The terror of that moment I cannot express. What if it should overturn the basket! The strength of thirteen feet of muscle must be enormous, and if used in the right direction would soon overcome my pull at the cord. What would then happen? Certain death for me, I felt sure. Again the whiz of an arrow and I saw a gaping wound along the neck of the fierce brute as it quitted its hold to look for this new foe. Fixing my knee on the cord, I now placed the muzzle of my gun just through one of the square openings in the basket, and aiming at the hood, fired both barrels in rapid succession, and had the satisfaction of seeing the horrid brute fling up the leaves and dust in its death throes."

The Beds of Royalty.

Though the beds of the royal personages of England were elaborately carved and hung with rich curtains, even so late as the Tudor period it is recorded that King Henry VIII.'s bed contained only straw beneath all its finery. A curious order exists as to precautions to be taken against the possibility of intended mischief to the royal person in the making of the bed, for the usher was to search the straw through with a dagger, "that there be none untruth therein, and to tumble over on the down bed for the better search thereof." The bed of Henry VIII. was nearly eleven feet square and of even more generous dimensions is the great bed to which Shakespeare refers in a well-known passage in "Twelfth Night," which was twelve feet square. This "great bed of Ware" has been a marvel for centuries.

Cattle That Never Drink.

There are said to be hundreds of horses and thousands of cattle in the Hawaiian Islands which never take a drink of water. On all the islands the upper altitudes of the mountains are given up to cattle ranges. Except possibly two or three months in the rainy season there are no streams or pools of water in any part where the cattle roam, but everywhere there grows a recumbent, jointed grass known by the native name of "maninia." This is both food and drink.

ANGRY ARCANUMITES.

Oppose New Rates Despite the Firm Stand of Their Officers.

New York newspapers say that plans are being perfected to have a great mass meeting to take place in that city the latter part of this week or early next week to emphasize the protest of many members of the Royal Arcanum, as recently stated in these columns against the new rates adopted by the Supreme Council at Atlantic City in May. Although officers of the organization assert that the agitation will blow over, the opposition appears to be growing.

In the "Royal Arcanum Bulletin," the official organ of the organization, which has just appeared, members are told that in no circumstances will there be any revocation or even modification of the decision of the Supreme Council. It is asserted that unless such a decided increase in the premiun rate as was ordered had been made it would be only a short time before the order would have to go out of business.

Most serious of the objections is that old men who have for many years been paying assessments will after October 1, when the new rates become effective, have to pay greatly increased premiums or forfeit their policies. It is argued against this that in most cases policies on the lives of men more than 65 years old, of whom there are about 10.000 in the order, are held by outsiders or relatives on speculation.

While it is true the older members are doing most of the protesting, they are supported by the younger men, who take the stand that if the old men are now deprived of the protection they paid for for more than 20 years, no guarantee can be extended the young men that the same thing will not happen them.

The membership of the order is now estimated to be more than 316-000, scattered through every state in the Union and throughout Canada.

Don't Violate the Laws.

The Government is entailing a very heavy expense in establishing and maintaining rural free delivery of our mails, and it is proving such a convenience to the people that very few who have experienced its advantages would be willing to do without it.

But the Government expects to be reimbursed for its great outlay, by an increased amount of mail to be carried, on which postage is to be paid, and it expects everybody to play fair in this matter. It is, therefore, required that all mail matter dropped into a box must have the requisite amount of postage stamps on it or a sufficient amount of money in the box to pay the postage, and anything found in the box, which is not thus stamped or has not enough cash with it to pay the postage, is to be lifted by the carrier and brought to the post office where it will be "held for postage" according to law.

We have published the fact before, but there are some who, it seems, have not learned the fact or else think they can slip in a letter to a friend by dropping it into his letter box, their line of reasoning probably being that as the letter need not be handled by any government official, there need be no postage paid on it. But those boxes are erected under the protecting care of government and thus form part of the post office department, although paid for by the individual and, therefore, nothing can be permitted to pass through them without postage being paid thereon.

Carriers, who are expected to be obliging and accommodating, have no choice in the matter, as their instructions are imperative, to lift every piece of mailable matter found in a box, for which there is not provision for postage, and if the postage is not forth-coming in a specified time the missive is sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Let everybody play fair, therefore, with the government, and there will be no cause for complaint if intended notes dropped into letter boxes fail to reach their destination.

More Relief Associations.

One of the results of the four counties firemen's convention will be the organization of relief associations in towns and boroughs where such do not exist. These associations are entitled to a pro rata share of the tax paid to the state by foreign insurance companies doing business in the Commonwealth. The money is used for the benefit of firemen injured while on duty or for the relief of their families in case of death while fighting fires.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful, Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 6-29 4t

The American Girl.

WHAT MAKES HER POPULAR.

The American girl is admired and liked at home and abroad because she is the happiest, usually the healthiest and friendliest of girls. She is fond of life and is alive to everything beautiful and good in existence. Mrs. Langtry has said that the American woman has little to learn from her English sisters.

Dr. Pierce, the specialist in women's diseases, of Buffalo, N. Y., advises simple exercises for women, preferably in the outdoor air. But many women are confined to the house and their household duties or their business confines them to poorly ventilated rooms.

If a woman suffers from a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness, something must be wrong with the head or back, she naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the womanly organs. In 98 per cent. of cases the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The local disorder and inflammation of the delicate special organs of the sex should be treated steadily and systematically.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

3,500,000 Eggs in Storage

Accumulation Held Until Prices go up Next Winter

A York dispatch says: The buying and storing of eggs in York county by agents for York and Baltimore cold storage houses has come to a close for the year. The prices at present asked by the farmers and poultry raisers are too high to render buying profitable. In one cold storage warehouse there are packed 2,400,000 eggs, which will be held until next winter, when they will be put upon the market.

In addition to the 200,000 dozen in this particular warehouse several country dealers have large holdings in cold storage houses in Baltimore and Philadelphia. These will aggregate over 1,000,000 eggs, so that at the present time there are about 3,500,000 York county eggs in storage.

Peach Crop no Failure

With the recurrence of the peach season its utter failure is yearly prophesied. This prophesy is made as regularly as the advent of the season. Indeed it has come to be recognized as one of the yearly predictions, and the people look for, expect and are propared for it when the time for it arrives. It has come to be such a fixture that they would be disappointed were it not made. This year, however, the indications are that despite the predictions the peach crop will be unusually heavy and it is with pleasure and surprise that one reads news like the following:

"On the 10,000 little three-year-old trees on Col. W. F. Reynolds' farm near Bellefonte, there are so many peaches that workmen are pruning them off to prevent breaking down the trees; yet there will be 5000 bushels."

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office July 11, 1905. Persons calling for these letters, will please say that "they were advertised June 29, 1905".

Mrs. Jack Fields, Miss Thursa Miller, Miss Lena Rogers, Miss Ida Russell, Mr. M. C. Webster,, Mr. A. E. Wright. Cards: Soul M. Leverson, Ethel Horn, Mr. John A. Tiger.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

J. C. BROWN, P. M.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES: FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES: SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES: SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES: WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES: COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES: COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES: KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES: SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES: BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

RAILROAD NOTES

Special Excursions and Reduced Rates.—Of Interest to our Many Readers.

REDUCED RATES TO BALTIMORE via Pennsylvania Railroad account of the International Convention United Society of Christian Endeavor, at Baltimore, Md., July 5 to 10, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round trip tickets to Baltimore, at *greatly reduced rates*, from all stations on its lines east of and including Pittsburg, Erie, and Buffalo.

The rate from Pittsburg will be $9.00, from Altoona $7.49, Erie $12.00, Williamsport, $6.33, Buffalo, $11.00, Canandaigua $9.70, Elmira, $8.50, New York, $6.30, Newark, N. J., $6 10, Reading, $5.15, Wilkesbarre, $7.05, Dover, Del., $3.90, with corresponding reductions from all other points.

Tickets will be sold on July 3, 4, and 5, good for return passage leaving Baltimore until July 15, inclusive. On payment of $1.00 to Joint Agent at Baltimore an extension of return limit to August 31 can be obtained.

Tickets via Philadelphia permit stop-over within limit, if deposited with the ticket agent at Broad Street Station.

Special excursion tickets are on sale every Saturday and Sunday from Baltimore to Washington and return at rate of $1.25 for the round trip. These tickets are good for return passage until the last train Sunday night, affording ample opportunity for delegates to visit the National Capital. 22 2t.

REDUCED RATES TO ASBURY PARK via Pennsylvania Railroad, account meeting of National Educational Association. For the benefit of those desiring to attend the meeting of the National Educational Association, to be held at Asbury Park, N. J., July 3 to 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Asbury Park from points more than one hundred miles from Asbury Park, i. e., Chester, Pa., Wallingford, Pa., Villa Nova, Pa., Spring Mill, Pa., Carpenterville, N. J., and Monroeville, N. J., Bridgeport, N. J. Waterford, N. J., and all stations beyond these points, at reduced rates. These tickets will be sold July 1, 2, and 3, and will be good to return leaving Asbury Park not earlier than July 3 nor later than July 10 and payment of fee of fifty cents. an extension of return limit may be obtained to August 31 inclusive. Tickets will be sold to Asbury Park via direct route and also via New York City in both directions, and will be honored only as they read. Stop over will be allowed at Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia within transit limit on going trip, and within ten days not to exceed final limit, on return trip, on all tickets reading via these cities. Stop-over within final limit will be allowed at New York on return trip on tickets reading through that city by deposit of ticket with Joint Agent at New York within one day after validation at Asbury Park and payment of fee of $1. For specific rates, routes, and stop-over conditions consult nearest Pennsylvania Railroad ticket agent. 2t

How to go to California

Travel via the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line. Two fast through trains per day. The Overland Limited, electric lighted, less than three days en route. The California Express, through service to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland. The best of everything. Full particulars on application to W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., C. & N. W. Ry., Chicago.

That Little Pain in Your Back

threatens your Kidneys. If allowed to go on a little while you will suffer throughout the entire system. Take at once Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It is the most certain cure known for the treatment of all diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood. Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for free sample bottle and medical booklet. All druggists $1.00.

Americans are known as a dyspeptic people. The extent of this disease may be inferred from the multitude of so called "medicines" offered as a remedy. They are often in tablet form and have no value except as palliatives of the immediate effects of dyspepsia. The man who used them may feel better but is surely getting worse. They do not touch the real cause of the disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a medicine specially prepared to cure diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It is not made to give temporary relief but to effect permanent cure. In ninety eight cases out of every hundred it cures perfectly and permanently.

It has cost Dr. Pierce $25,000 to give away in the last year the copies of his Peoples Common Sense Medical Adviser, which have been appled for. This book of 1008 pages is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo N. Y.

WILL NOT REIMBURSE LIQUOR DEALERS.

No Provision in the Law to Repay Fines.

The liquor dealers throughout the State from whom fines were collected by Dairy and Food Commissioner Warren for the adulteration of liquors will not be reimbursed by the Commonwealth, although Justice Mitchel, of the Supreme Court, has declared unconstitutional the act of June 26, 1895, so far as it was assumed to apply to intoxicating drinks.

In an opinion to Commissioner Warden Friday Attorney General Carson holds "that there is no provision in the law which would authorize the repayment by the Commonwealth's officers of fines already collected. At the time the prosecutions were brought for the payment of fines you were acting within the terms of an act of Assembly presumed to be constitutional, and sustained by a decision of the Superior Court which had not been reversed."

The Attorney General further says the fines must be treated as State moneys, and in accordance with the Constitution, cannot be paid out of the treasury except upon appropriations made by law. Aside from this, Mr. Carson says is a general principle of law that the Commonwealth is not liable for costs.

In another opinion to Commissioner Warren the Attorney General says that the Supreme Court decision does not cover such liquids as milk, cream or buttermilk, because they are regarded as food.

The recently created Department of Health, he says, is not empowered to prosecute those who adulterate drink, neither is the State Pharmaceutical Board, although the latter can proceed against persons who manufacture or sell adulterated drugs.

Bane of Cigarettes

Medical Bulletin Declares They Ruin Boys Mentally and Morally

Smoking in youth, says the Philadelphia Medical Bulletin, is to be deprecated on every ground. It interferes with the proper action of and enfeebles the heart, impairs the development of the nervous system, disturbs digestion, lessens the power of mental application and prevents the growth of the body. In discussing the reports of the principals of the public schools to Superintendent Brooks showing that more than 6000 school boys of Philadelphia use tobacco, the Bulletin says: In nearly every case the smokers were found to stand below the average in their classes. In one ward the enormous proportion of nearly one half of the boys are smokers.

The Medical Bulletin contends the practice is equally objectionable on moral grounds, inasmuch as the boys would not be permitted to smoke at home, and the consequence is they sneak away into nooks and corners, meet bad companions, become untruthful and generally demoralized.

Put Them to Work.

This is the season of the year when you begin to hear from your city friends, and they insinuate how well they would enjoy a couple of weeks visit at your home. The farm would be less attractive for city folks at this season of the year if every farmer would make a practice of working the company from the city in as weed destroyers. And why not? It would do the city chaps good and help the farm besides. By the way, too, did you ever get as many invitations to visit in the city as city friends accept from you to visit on the farm?

New Cure for Gaps

Mrs. Charles B. Yeagle, of Hughesville, uses air slacked lime as a cure for her chicks that get the gaps. She places them in a box or barrel a few minutes at a time, where they are compelled to breathe the lime, with the result that the worms are all sneezed out. She says that the chicks must not be left in the dust too long, or they would smother.

The reservation of back seats in street cars for tobacco users applies to smokers, as there are no tanks attached to cars for the accommodation of chewers of the weed. This lead the Washington *Times* to suggest that if tobacco-chewers will ride in the cars they will do more effective execution by sitting well to the front of the car and on the windward side; they should always spray the air at an angle between the horizon and the zenith; by preference they should sit just before the ladies in light dresses.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

List of Dealers in Columbia County,

I hereby certify that the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me for the year 1905, is correct to the best of my knowledge. The appeal will be held at the County Treasurer's office, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, the 30th day of June 1905, between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p m. All those who do not appear on that day will be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of July 1905, if they so desire.

Name. *Kind of License.*

BEAVER TWP.

Boone, William — Retail
Bredbenner, Mrs Samuel — "
Breisch, J E — "
Fritz, John — "
Houck, Nathan — "
Hunsinger, G P — "
Michael, Levi — "
Michael, L H — "
Ney William — "
Shuman, Mrs C A — "
Shuman, J J — "
Witchey, G F — "

BENTON BORO.

Atlantic Refining Co — Wh'sale
Benton Store Co — Retail
Burt, W A — "
Bellis, J W — "
Charlto, J A — "
Cole, Miah — "
Davis, C L — "
Eyer, Miss M E — "
Edson, Charles A — "
Golder, Mrs Lenna — "
Ikeler, C B — "
Kimble & Mather — "
Keller, R S — "
Keller, B S — "
Keller, B G — "
Little, O E — "
Mamolen, Joseph — "
McHenry, M — "
McHenry, J B — "
McHenry, Holland — "
McHenry, Ira R — "
Overholtzer, A A — "
Pennington & Seely — "
Phillips, M A — "
Smith, S T & Son — "
Shannon, B E & Son — "
Tubbs, G A — "
Umbewust, H A — "
Wood, Fred — "
Belles, H W — "

BENTON BORO.

Cole, Albert — Retail
Edson, W A — "
Edwards, Bros — "
Thomas, J J Est — "
Hess, G S — "

BERWICK BORO.

Adinolf, Alfonso — Retail
Albeson, E J — "
Berwick Gas Co — "
Bower, Charles W — "
Backus, D A — "
Baer, A H — "
Bredbenner, W M — "
Bevilacqua, Vitale — "
Berger, T F — "
Bower, H W — "
Bomboy, Ray E — "
Berwick Store Co Ltd — Wh'sale
Berwick Store Co — Retail
Conley, J W — "
Clewell & Curren — "
Crissman, Fred K — "
Canobre, James — "
Clewell, E M — "
Dodson, B H — "
Dreisbach, B F — "
Distlehurst, F L — "
Doan, T Harvey — "
Dietterich, J A — "
Empire Dry Goods Co — "
Fensermacher, S E — "
Friedman, B S — "
Furman, J H — "
Fowler, W G — "
Golden, F — "
Gaughn, W — "
Grozier, G M — "
Garrison, Bros — "
Georg, O W — "
Haas, Charles — "
Hetler, M C — "
Hockman, H M — "
Harry, J N — "
Harman, R W — "
Heller, S K — "
Huntzinger, Mrs Sarah T — "
Houseneck & Co — "
Hirlinger, W W — "
Kline, H O — "
Kinkade A — "
Kobl, Miss Minnie — "
Kirby Bros — Pool
Kirby Bros — Retail
Lanning, A C — "
Laubach, H C — "
Lewis, D E — "
Levy, M — "
Mendenhall, C C — "
McKinney, W C — "
McMichael, W F — "
Mansfield, W J — "
Provost & Shoels — "
Rough, W F — "
Richie, Joseph — "
Shrader, W J — "
Smith, Boyd M — "
Seward, O D — "
Search, J W — "
Smith, M G — "
Sherman, M — "
Severance & Roberts — "
Schatz, Joseph M — "
Steck, C L — "
Snyder, W L — "
Shannon & Sons — "
Sitler, J W — "
Swayze & Co — "
Smith Bros — "
Standard Top Co — "
Schenk, Edward — "
Trescott, C E — "
United States Lumber and Supply Co — "
Unangst, George — "
Vaughn, J G — "
Vanduzer, G F — "
Viggano, Frank — "
Wakefield, Mrs G P — "
Waldner, H L — "
Walton, H E — "
Walp, G W — "
Williams, H S — Pool
Williams, H S — Retail
Young, G C — "
Zeiser Bros — "
Martz, J Frank — "
Frank, John — "
Empire Dry Goods Co — "

WEST BERWICK.

Benscoter, W A — "
Bankas, Mrs Peter — "
Birgel, Edgar — "
Crisman, J C — "
Cupolo, C — "
Eckert, D E — "
Fahringer, Frank — "
Fedorco, John — "
Heller, A C — "
Hartman, J M — "
John, William — "
Judkovics & Co — "
Kalbach, J M — "
Martin, J A — "
Mittleman, J — "
Wooded, Side — "
Melycel, John — "
Roberts & Hartman — "
Sorber & Stone — "
Shoemaker, J S — "
Shannon & Sons — "
Schlanger, H — "
Sponenberg, G F — "
Savage, Dyson — "
Battaglia, Chas — "

B HARCREEK TWP.

Ash, S A — Retail
Ash, G W — "
Bower, J L — "
Klinetob, D G & Son — "
Rittenhouse, Henry — "
Shaffer, Elmer — "
Miller Bros — "

BLOOM.

Alexander Bros & Co — Retail
Alexander Bros & Co — Wh'sale
Appleman, S L — Retail
Armstrong, J D — "
Anstock, Mrs Fannie — "
Bidleman, S R — "
Bomboy, Frank — "
Baker, G G — "
Barratt, Richard — "
Brower, W H — "
Conrad, C W — "
Correll, W J & Co — "
Clark, H J & Son — "
Cronin, C L — "
Chrisman, J H — "
Creasy, D A — "
Creasy & Wells — "
Cox, Miss A A — "
Drake, O W — "
Derr Bros — "
Decker, W R — "
Davis, G P — "
Evans, Chas M — "
Eves & Connor — "
Fowler, J R — "
Furman, C S — "
Fredericks, J P — "
Fox, Miss L M — "
Fest, Joseph — "
Goldsmith, S W — "
Gensemer, John H — "
Gilmore, W H — "
Gross, John — "
Geiger, Edward — "
Gidding, B A — "
Gross, Louis — "
Gilmore, F M — "
Hartzell, W A — "
Heddens, P B — "
Heddens, J M — "
Harman & Hassert — "
Hess, George W — "
Humphrey, Harry A — "
Holmes, W O & Son — "
Hysong, A L — "
Hartman & Mendenhall — "
Hartman, Geo D — "
Hartman, R R — "
Hartman, Robert E — "
Hicks, R A — "
Ide, Mrs K — "
Ikeler, R R — "
James, Miss Minnie — "
Ketter, George H — "
Kline, M L — "
Kashner, Arthur — "
Kline, J M — "
Ketter, G W — "
Klein, C A — "
Krum, D E — "
Keefer, George W — "
Keller, Jacob — Wh'sale
Kahler & Harner — Retail
Kocher, W R — "
Laubach, Walter — B & Pool
Lowenberg, D — Retail
Larned, J W — "
Lord, W H & Co — "
Moyer Bros — "
Moyer Bros — Wh'sale
Millard, H C — Retail
Myers, M N — "
Mifflin & Stocker — "
Moyer, J N — "
Morris, W V — "
Martin, J Lee — "
Mercer, James H — "
Moore, W H — "
McBride, J S — "
McKelvy, George A — "
Neuhart, J W — "
Odell, O G — "
Pursel, F P — "
Pullen, S L — "
Pensyl, John K — "
Piper, W M — "
Quick, J G — "
Reichard, J E — "
Rishton, W S — "
Rhodomoyer, F P — "
Ralston, Josiah — "
Rosthenal, Louis — "
Ringler, George P — "
Boys, J E — "
Rupert, Chas L — "
Richart, W C — "
Red Star Trading Co — "
Rice, Charles H — "
Runyon C W — "
Supplee, H G — "
Snyder, J A — "
Slagle, W F — "
Sharpless, L T & Co Ltd — Wh'sale
Sharpless, L T & Co Ltd — Retail
Sharpless, C H — "
Sharpless, H B — "
Sharpless, J L — "
Seltzer, J — "
Smith, Elizabeth — "
Savage, E M — "
Supplee—Mather Co — "
Smeyer, R H — "
Seidel, C C & Son — "
Schuyler, J R — "
Sollieder & Co — "
Shaffer, Edward — "
Severance & Roberts — "
Tooley, J F & Co — "
Townsend, John R — "
Vannatta, P K — "
Watson, Mrs M A — "
West, W C — "
Wagenseller, George — "
Wilson H S — "
Wasley, Miss W E — "
Woosley, E — "
Wellver & Co — "
Webb, William — "
Walter, H W — "
Wharv, L E — "
Wells, J G — "
Yost, Mrs Dora E — "
Atlantic Refining Co — Wh'sale
White Milling Co — Retail
Paragon Plan er & Supply Co — "
Kelchner, Mrs C E — "
Leader Store Co Ltd — "

CATAWISSA BORO.

Berger, Lloyd — Retail
Baldy, H R — "
Brooks C A — "
Berninger, T D & Son — "
Clewell, C E — "
Cotner, C W — "
Cleaver, Mrs E — "
Cleaver, K S — "
Dent, F R — "
Diemer, J R — "
Deaver, P J — "
Erwin, P B — Cafe
Erwin, P B — Retail
Finkelstine, D J — "
Fahringer, Mrs H W — "
Fox, J C — "
Fisher, E — "
Grimes, Feed Store — "
Grove, H S — "
Gellinger, H M — "
Gable, Frank — "
Gelterman, Mrs H A — "
Geary, J H — "
Gule, E B — "
Hennessey, Bros — "
Houck, Mrs Annie — "
Harder, Thomas E — "
Harman, A F — "
Harder, C W — "
Hollingshead, A — "
Kostenbauch, O P — "
Kistler, D F — "
Knittle, D F — "
Longenberger, E E — Pool
Longenberger, E E — Retail
McCloughan, W A — "
Raup, Mrs Mary — "
Rhawn, Geo B — "
Rhawn, S B — "
Rinard, S D — "
Reinbold, Miss L — "
Seltzinger, M — Pool
Seltzinger, M — Retail
Sharpless, G H — "
Shane, Henry — "
Seesholt, J H — "
Shwank & Barndt — "
Schuck, Wm B — "
Schmick & Son — "
Shumar, Chas L — "
Sharpless, A H — "
Truckenmiller, A S — "
Tewksberry, E D — "
Walter, John W — "
Walter, C E — "
Walters, John B — "
Walter, E B — "
Yeager, Lloyd — "
Yetter, Geo W — "

CATAWISSA TWP.

Adams, J W — Retail
Bibby, J R — "
Bowes, W E — "

CENTRALIA BORO.

Boran, Thomas — Retail
Ball, Albert — "
Brown, Samuel — "
Black, D C — "
Buchanan, John — "
Conway, A L — "
Cohhan, J J — "
Carey, Patrick — "
Collins, Thomas — "
Doure, Michael — "
Dyke, James A — "
Devine, Thomas — "
Daley, James G — "
Davis, W E — "
Doyle, B J — "
Davis, G W — "
Dyke, D D — "
Fatterman, L — "
Fetterman, A E — "
Fisher, Daniel — "
Gallagher, E L — "
Goldsworthy, J W — "
Getchy, Geo W — "
Gaughan, Patrick — "
Hines, W J — "
Kalwich, Joseph — "
Lenehan, Peter — "
Lavelle, John — "
McDonnel, J — "
Mench, A K — "
Mulligan, Michael — "
Madden, L J — "
Michael, H C — "
McDonnel, M J — "
Michaels, Francis — "
Millard, O B — "
Murphy, C G Estate — "
Marcinski, Victor — "
Madden, Michael — "
McDonnel, M J — "
O'Connor, Mrs J — "
O'Donnell, Jno J — "
Pryenniacky, Alex — "
Pursell, Mrs J W — "
Riley, Lewis A & Co — "
Reilley, P O — "
Ruddy, John — "
Rooney, A C — "
Rowan, D J — "
Shaffer, Edward J — "
Swirsky, Rosy — "
Tretter, Joseph — "
Thomas, Charles — "
Turner, John R — "
Wills, Mrs George — "
Yarwarth, W J — "
Haley, John — "
Odonnell, John J — "
Goldsworthy, H R & Co — "
Goldsworthy, A D — "

CONYNGHAM TWP.

Goodman, Daniel — Retail
George, William — "
Honabach, O F — "
Horback, Chas B — "
Kreischer, Isaiah — "
Kostenbauder, M E — "
Lehigh Valley Coal Co — "
Midvalley supply Co Ltd — "
Potts Colliery Co — "
Richards, Mrs R — "
Roach, Daniel — "
Rape, M — "
Trexler, A — "
Weller, G W — "
Yeager, M & Son — "

CLEVELAND TWP.

Camp, A C — Retail
Kretsher, Iran — "
Keorr, Henry — "
Yost, Haines — "

CENTER TWP.

Bower, H F — Retail
Cryder, J C — "
Low, E E — "
Nagle, L J — "
Remley, L A — "
Reish, Edgar — "
Scott, John — "
Sponsler, George E — "
Wertman, H E — "
Weis, S D — "

FISHINGCREEK TWP.

Ammerman, J M — Retail
Lolich, Bros — "
Chapin, A L — "
Harrison, Rush — "
Hughes, A M — "
Huff, John H — "
Jones A W — "
Lemmons, E L — "
Markle, Miss Hattie E — "
Hess & McHenry — "
Thomas, J J Estate — "

FRANKLIN TWP.

Bucher, G M — Retail
Bucher, G M — "

GREENWOOD TWP.

Albertson, B — Retail
Appleman, G B — "
Cox, Lorenzo — "
Columbia Roller Mills — "
Dildine & Sons — "
Derr, A J — "
Freas, Mrs Elizabeth — "
Parker, E E — "
Rantz, John — "
Vandine, D W — "
Welliver, J E — "

STILLWATER BORO.

Edgar & Stauter — Retail
McHenry, A B — "
McHenry, M & Son — "

Any person so ascertained or assessed who shall fail to attend such appeal, or to appeal from the decision of the appraiser to the common pleas within ten days thereafter will not be permitted to set up as a defense to the recovery of the amount of the license which he is requested to pay when suit shall be brought that he is not a dealer in mercantile, etc.

The law further provides that it shall be the duty of the County Treasurer to sue for the recovery of all licenses duly returned to him by the Mercantile Appraiser, if not paid on or before the first day of July, in each and every year, within ten days after date, and said Treasurer shall not be discharged from any such license, unless he brings suit to recover the same on or before the date.

W. E. DIETTERICH,
Mercantile Appraiser, 1905.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Henry Hartzell, late of Main township, Columbia County, Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the executor of the estate of Henry Hartzell, deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office over the Bloomsburg National Bank in the town of Bloomsburg Pennsylvania, on Saturday, July 1st 1905 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons interested in said estate may appear, or forever after be debarred from presenting claims and coming in upon said fund.

ANDREW L. FRITZ,
6-8 3t Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Mary B. Milnes, late of Espy, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, on the estate of Mrs. Mary B. Milnes, late of Espy, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM S. MILNES,
J. G. FREEZE, Atty. — 1422 Sweetland St. Scranton, Pa.
5-25 6t* Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Loretta Trivelpiece, late of Centre township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Loretta Trivelpiece, administratrix of Lafayette Trivelpiece, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, said county, on Saturday July 8th, 1905, when and where all parties interested or having claims against said estate may appear and be heard, or otherwise thy will be debarred from coming in on said fund.

G. M TUSTIN, Esq.
6-15 4t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Miller, late of the village of Mifflinville, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to distribute the balance in the hands of Nathan Miller, trustee etc., under the will of George Miller, late of the village of Mifflinville, said county, deceased, as shown by the first and final account, to and among the heirs of said decedent, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in Exchange Building, Bloomsburg, said county, on Friday, July 21st 1905, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time all parties interested in or having claims against said estate may appear and be heard, or otherwise be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

CLEM R. WEISS,
6-22 3t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Edward Thorp, late of the Borough of Millville, deceased.

The undersigned, appointed auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on exceptions filed to the first and partial account of Harry Thorp, executor of the estate of Edward Thorp, deceased, and with power to make distribution of the balance in hands of the said executor, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office on Centre street, Bloomsburg, on Thursday, July 20, 1905, 10 a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment when and where all parties interested are notified to appear and establish their contention and prove their respective claim to the fund before the auditor, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
6-22 3t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Margaret Creasy, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to distribute the balance in the hands of Lafayette Creasy, executor as shown by his final account, will sit at his offie in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, July 14th, 1905 at 10 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of the administrator of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

N. U. FUNK.
6-22 4t Auditor.

A Danville market woman slapped another woman in the face on Saturday morning for handling her strawberries. The owner of the berries had requested her to stop fingering the fruit several times and when she persisted, the market woman gave her a stinging slap on the mouth. The Milton *Standard* in commenting on the above says, and so say we: "Perhaps there is no law that will justify this act, but there ought to be, for there is no bigger nuisance in the world than the woman who goes to market and fingers over everything that is offered for sale."

Professional Cards.

N. U. FUNK.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1st door below Court House.

H. A. McKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA

A. N. YOST.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Ent Building Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers National Bank. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 to 8 Telephone

DR. M. J. HESS.
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets.
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman)
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,895,160	1,419,
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,588,915	1,021,6
Westchester, N.Y.	300,000	1,753,307	428,
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE AND REALESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1905.

HELD FOR MURDER.

John Sees, Charged with Having Caused the Death of His Twelve Day Old Infant.

If the charge against John Sees, of Limestone township, Montour County, as preferred by his nineteen year old wife as she lay on her death bed, can be sustained, and her allegations are apparently substantially supported, he is guilty of one of the most cruel, most heinous crimes on record, and by the commission of which he has placed himself far beyond the reach of mercy, and should be dealt with only as stern justice demands.

The horrible facts were disclosed at the hearing held before Justice of the Peace Oglesby, at Danville Monday afternoon, and at which the defendant plead not guilty.

The first witness examined was Dr. O. L. Muffly of Turbotville, who rendered surgical assistance in the family in the autumn of 1903, when the child was born whose death the young husband is held accountable for. It was a male child, healthy and well developed, the physician testified, and was thriving finely untll the tenth or eleventh day, when after his visits had practically discontinued he was informed that convulsions had set in. He was positive that there was nothing connected with the birth of the child that could result in its death.

Dr. G. R. Rothrock of Milton, who has been attending the wife in her present illness, was the next witness. He is a well-known physician of twenty years practice. He has been attending Mrs. Sees off and on for several years. The family were poor, he said, but he had given them the same attention that he would have given a millionaire. Of the young wife he spoke in terms of highest praise and said that she was as bright and sweet a woman as lives in the township.

On May 26 he was called and found her in an exceedingly bad condition as a result of a criminal operation, which happens to have nothing to do with this case. He did for her what was possib'e, but the case was beset with unfavorable conditions and she gradually grew worse. She is still living, but there are no hopes for her recovery and she is near her end.

Last week he informed her of the gravity of her case. Learning that she had to die she told her physician that there was something that worried her very much; she proceeded to tell of her little boy, born in 1903, accusing her husband of causing its death.

The child, she said, was strong and well nourished. On October 31, 1903, when the baby was nine days old, her husband compelled her to take some salt to a neighbors house, which had been borrowed. When she left the child was well and when she returned it was vomiting long strings of saliva. Her mother was called and they worked with the child two hours, when it seemed to improve.

She says her husband was rough and brutal to herself and children. He said he did not want the baby to get well and once threatened to kill it with a poker. On the night of the day of its mysterious illness he would not permit the mother to have the child in bed with her. Monday his cruel treatment continued. On that day he picked up the baby and threw it several feet onto a lounge, causing it to lose its breath. When the mother flew to its rescue he forbid her to pick it up. Later he took the mother and child and forced them into a room where there was no fire nor light and compelled them to remain there an hour. Again he took the child between his knees and with his hands pressed on its skull. The next day the baby died and after death the finger marks were visible on the back of the child's head.

John M. Reber of Milton, attorney, who was called to take the ante mortem statement on Saturday last, was the next witness. He said that he fully explained to the woman the awful import of the statement she was about to make and apprised her fully of the effect it would have upon her husband. Notwithstanding she voluntarily made the statement and in full consciousness that she has but a few days to live.

In her statement, which was read before the Justice, the woman says that her name is Eva May Sees and that she is nineteen years old. All the facts narrated coincide with the verbal statement made to Dr. Rothrock.

Mrs. Golder of Limestone township was sworn. It was she who laid the little child out after death. Blood oozed out of its mouth, she said, and the back of its head was soft and discolored. The mother, she said, told her the story of the defendant's abuse. Mrs. Golder swore there were no marks on the child when born.

At this point the District Attorney, who had the hearing in charge rested, declaring that there was a prima facie case.

The defendant was held for court and as the offense is not a bailable one he was committed to jail.

Impaired Digestion

May not be all that is meant by *dyspepsia* now, but it will be if neglected.

The uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, sourness of the stomach, and disagreeable belching may not be very bad now, but they will be if the stomach is suffered to grow weaker.

Dyspepsia is such a miserable disease that the tendency to it should be given early attention. This is completely overcome by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which strengthens the whole digestive system

Race Program Fine.

A free for all race for all Columbia County horses, with no restriction in the matter of time, will be an additional and popular feature of the always excellent race program of the Columbia County fair this fall. This event will afford to every man residing and owning a horse within the county limits possessing any speed, an opportunity to enter and capture a nice $200 purse.

This additional race is the result of the constant, untiring endeavor of the executive committee of the Association to make each exhibition better and more attractive than the one that preceded it.

The other races for horses in the county, namely the 2:30 class was changed to a 2:40 trot or pace and the purse fixed at $200.

Other matters considered at Saturday afternoon's meeting was the privilege of the large dining hall, which was awarded to the Evangelical congregation of Berwick, and the premium list. The latter was revised to cover every entry for the county fair and plans were formed to give it the greatest publicity possible.

The revised program of the races is as follows:

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11.

No. 1, 2:18 Class, pacing, purse $500; No. 2, 2:37 class, trotting, purse $400; No. 3, 2:40 class, trot or pace, horses owned in the county 60 days, $200.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12.

No. 4, 2:15 class, pacing, purse $500; No. 5, 2:17 class, trotting, purse, $500; No. 6, 2:21 class, pacing, purse $400; No. 7, free for all for horses 60 days in the county, purse $200.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13.

No. 8, 2:10 trot or pace, purse $500; No. 9. 2:22 class, trotting, purse, $400; No. 10, 2:25 class, pacing, purse $400.

Aged Lady Succumbed to Paralytic Stroke

At her home in Light Street, Friday night, Mrs. Joseph Clossen, a highly respected old lady, seventy-four years of age, succumbed to a stroke of paralysis, with which she was visited a day or two previous.

Beside her husband, she is survived by the following children: P. N. Clossen, near Light Street; Mrs. John A. Smethers, of Berwick and Miss Dora Clossen, at home. The following sisters also survive: Mrs. Frederick Noss of Wilkes-Barre; Mrs. Joseph Echman, of Espy; Mrs. Wm. Bahme, of Newlin; Mrs. M. C. Johnson, of Berwick.

The funeral took place from the house on Monday. Interment was made at Berwick.

Will Not Leave Williamsport

Speaking of the call recently extended to Rev. William H. Butts, formerly at the head of the music department of the Normal school here, the *Gazette and Bulletin*, of Williamsport, Monday's issue says:

"Althongh the Rev. William H. Butts did not make an announcement to his congregation on Sunday regarding the call he received to become the rector of an Episcopal church at Shamokin, he has informed a representative of this paper that he will remain in this city as rector of All Saints' church. This piece of news will be undoubtedly appreciated by the people of Williamsport especially the members of the Episcopalian parish in the West End.

Judge Stewart's Successor

Ex-Judge D. Watson Rowe, of Chambersburg, was on Friday appointed by Governor Pennypacker, president judge of the 39th district, composed of Franklin county to succeed Judge John Stewart, who resigned to become justice of the state supreme court. Judge Rowe's commission runs until the first Monday of next January.

SCHOOL BOARD ELECTS TEACHERS

The meeting of the Bloomsburg School Board called for Friday evening could not be held, owing to the illness and the consequent inability to attend, of W. E. Rinker, one of the members. Monday evening the directors met at Mr. Rinker's residence and elected all the teachers for the ensuing year with the exception of one at the High School and one at the Third Street building. These will be elected at an another meeting to be held tomorrow evening, at which time a janitor for the High School will also be selected.

There are two changes in the teaching force for the coming year, namely, Thos F. Shambach, a graduate of this year's Normal class who will teach in the A Grammar Grade at the High School, and Miss Laura Redeker, elected for the C Primary Grade at Fifth Street.

There will be several increases in salary. Principal L. P. Sterner will receive $1300, instead of $1200, Assistant Principal W. C. Mauser, will receive $1000, all the A Grammar Grade teachers' salaries were raised from $40 to $45, and $5 a month was added to the salary of S. J. Johnston, principal of the Fifth Street School, making it $65.

The schools will open on Sept. 4 and continue for nine months.

The teachers:

HIGH SCHOOL.

Principal—L. P. Sterner.
Assistant Principal, W. C. Mauser.
Third Assistant, Mary Knapp.
Music, O. H. Yetter.
Elocution, Anabelle Swartz.
Drawing, Grace Conner.
A Grammar, Boys, T. F. Shambach.
A Grammar, Girls, Elmira A. Wilson.
B Grammar, Ella Allen.

THIRD STREET.

Principal, John Watson.
C Grammar, Minnie Terwilliger.
A Intermediate, Gertrude Rinker.
B Intermediate, Minnie Penman.
B Intermediate, Helen Vanderslice.
A Primary, Edith Maize.
A Primary, Mary Kline.
B Primary, Mabel Moyer.
B Primary, Mary Adams.
C Primary, Helen Carpenter.
C Primary, Clora Furman.
Janitor, John Farver; sweeper, Hannah Edwards.

FIFTH STREET.

Principal, S. J. Johnson.
A Intermediate, Emma Cadman.
B Intermediate, Katharine Cadow.
A Primary, Mary Sheep.
B Primary, Louise Robbins.
B Primary, Annie Fox.
C Primary, Annie Snyder.
C Primary, Laura Redeker.
Substitute, Katharine Gorrey.
Janitor and Truant officer, C. F. Deiterick.

Fell From Train and Was Killed

Seized with an attack of dizziness while riding on a freight train, Joseph Lewis, of Roaring Creek, fell between the cars and was so badly injured that he died at the Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, about three hours afterward.

The sad accident occurred below South Danville shortly before four o'clock Monday afternoon. Lewis had left his home early in the day to go to Lebanon to visit a brother. He reached Danville and being acquainted with the crew in charge of the freight train, he decided to board it and ride to Sunbury. Seated with him on the side of a car was one of the trainmen. The two chatted for a time, until the latter remarking that he felt drowsy, laid back and fell asleep. When he awoke Lewis was missing. Not until the train had passed the spot where he had fallen, was it known what had happened, and then flagman Stul who was standing on the rear platform of the caboose, saw him lying beside the tracks.

He was still conscious, and able to talk. His right leg was cut off above the knee, his hand was cut, and he was injured internally.

He was 25 years of age and unmarried. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Lewis, two brothers, George and Frank, and a sister, Miss Celia, who live on a farm at Roaring Creek.

Examination Dates Changed.

Because of County Superintendent Evans' attending the National Educational Association meeting at Asbury Park he has found it necessary to change the dates of several of the examinations in the county for provisional certificates. The list of places and dates now fixed is: Orangeville, Saturday July 1; Mifflinville, Monday July 3; Centralia, Tuesday July 11; Roaring Creek, Wednesday July 12; Berwick, Friday July 14; Millville, Saturday July 15; Catawissa, Monday July 17.

THE STATE AT A GLANCE

—Doylestown Borough Council has decided to adopt a dog law, requiring all canines in the town to be registered and tagged, and the owners to be subject to a fine of $10 if the dogs are not registered within ten days.

—The electric railway connecting Sunbury and Shamokin, is declared to be advanced to a point where all that remains necessary is the securing of a few rights of way before the work of construction may be started. Five hundred men will be put to work within several weeks, is the statement given out from Shamokin.

—George H. Troutman, Wilkes-Barre, was last Thursday appointed by the Dauphin County Court temporary receiver of the Anthracite Real Estate Company, of Wilkes Barre, on petition of Attorney General Carson.

—A contest has been started in the courts at Easton over the will of Mrs. Sarah Hall, of Bethlehem, who left an estate estimated at $80,000 to Miss Eliza Weight, her nurse, and Herbert Kettell, a lawyer of New York. Mrs. Emma Baxter, sister of the deceased, of London, England, has begun the contest, and alleges that undue influence was used with the testator and that Mrs. Hall was not of sound mind when the will was executed.

—The directors of the Reading Railway Co. yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of two per cent. on the common stock. This is an increase of one-half per cent over the last dividend and is at the rate of 3½ per cent. The regular semi-annual dividend of two per cent. on the company's first preferred stock was also declared.

—J. M. Waterbury started in to beat his record of twenty-six hours of continuous playing in Lock Haven. He became deathly sick and was attacked by violent vomiting, causing him to give up after sixteen hours of continuous playing. Waterbury says he was forced to yawn, and in so doing he swallowed a fly which sickened him.

Judge Staples Presided.

Judge Staples presided at a short session of court held Saturday morning. Scarcely an hour was required in disposing of the various matters, all of which were of minor importance.

Paul Camp was awarded a subpœna in divorce against his wife, Laura B. Camp, on the grounds of desertion.

Estate of Adam Miller, deceased. Petition for sale of real estated granted. Bond in the sum of $3,000 with sureties, to be approved by the court.

Petition for appointment of a guardian for William S. Neal, of Bloomsburg. Same was ordered filed. Guardian to be appointed at a later date.

William T. Smith and son vs Magee Carpet Company. Judgment entered in favor of defendant and against the plaintiff.

Clinton Ellis vs James Long. Petition to strike off an award of arbitration. Rule granted to show cause why petition as prayed for should not be granted returnable at next term of civil court.

Estate of Prescilla Polk, deceased. Petition for approval of distribution. Same was approved by the court.

Estate of Emma H. Neal, Petition for a rule on the trustee to file his account as trustee. Rule granted, the trustee to accept service.

Jacob Dinkalacher died at his home in Butler Valley Friday morning from complication, aged 78. He is survived by his wife, five sons and four daughters. Among the latter are Mrs. Christopher Sigmond, of Catawissa.

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Pleasant to Take, Powerful to Cure, And Welcome In Every Home.

KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording permanent relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints; cures Constipation and Weaknesses peculiar to women.

It proves successful in cases where all other medicines have totally failed. No sufferer should despair as long as this remedy is untried. It has an unbroken record of success for over 30 years, and has won hosts of warm friends.

Are you suffering from any disease traceable to the causes mentioned? If so, Dr. Kennedy has staked his personal and professional reputation on the statement that Favorite Remedy will do you good.

Send for a free trial bottle and booklet containing valuable medical advice on the treatment of various diseases. Write also for an "Easy Test" for finding out if you have kidney disease. Address Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y.

REMEMBER, the full name is Dr. David Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY, made at Rondout, N. Y., and the price is $1.00 (six bottles $5.00) at all druggists in the United States, Canada and foreign countries.

WASH DRESS GOODS REDUCED.

35c. and 39c. Silk Mulls, all new this season.
Reduced to 25 cents a yard.

15c. and 18c. Lawns, Batiste, Dimity and Organdy, all new this season.
Reduced to 12 1-2 cents a yd.

12 1-2c. and 15c Lawns, Batiste and Organdy, all new this season.
Reduced to 9 1-2 cents a yd.

R. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

A splendid tonic for the hair, makes the hair grow long and heavy. Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color of youth. Stops falling hair, also. Sold for fifty years. If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

NOW IS THE TIME

of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

All Jobbing of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

P. M. REILLY,
438 Centre St. Bell 'Phone

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

—o—

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

—o—

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

—o—

WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

—o—

J. SALTZER,
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Elwood Garman Thwarts Justice

Convicted of Murder in First Degree, He Kills Himself in His Cell.

Elwood Garman, who was last week convicted of murder in the first degree for shooting William A. Murray, on the street in Mifflintown, on December 23rd of last year, committed suicide in his cell in jail Sunday night.

He was found dead in bed Monday morning and a small vial at his side containing carbolic acid indicated how he met his death. A coroner's inquest failed to disclose how he secured the poison. His cell was at the back part of the jail, and no one was permitted to go near him. The Sheriff is at a loss to account for it and a rigid investigation is under way.

Garman, who was a prominent citizen of Mifflintown, was convicted on June 17th of murder in the first degree. He was a brother of John M. Garman, a leading Democratic politician of Luzerne county.

The crime for which Garman was convicted was prompted by jealousy. Murray, a railroad clerk, met Garman on the streets of Mifflintown and accused him of being unduly intimate with Murray's wife. A quarrel followed and Garman drew a revolver and shot Murray. Garman contended that he fired in self defense, that Murray had thrown stones at him and was about to repeat the attack when he used his revolver.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Entrance through Roy's Jewelry Store. tf

Time to Think of
Summer Footneeds.

A rising thermometer suggests low shoes. Every woman hails with delight the return of the Oxford season.

"John Kelly"

shoes never before came to us in more attractive styles.

Patents for Sundays and Tans for every day.

The new lasts—the smart patterns—the wide ribbon ties—all deserve your thoughtful attention. The most popular styles at

$2.00 to $3.00.

W. H. MOORE,
Corner Main and Iron Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Beagle Studio,

Prompt attention given

Photographic Work

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

The Beagle Studio

MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

WANTED

MEN AND WOMEN in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary to men $21 weekly, to women $12 to $18 weekly with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co. Dept. 5, Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill. 1-19 24t